

GenCore version 4.5
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: May 25, 2001, 15:32:12 ; Search time 18.57 Seconds
(Without alignments)
61.365 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-214-009-1

Perfect score: 116
Sequence: 1 XHMSYGLRPGQHWMSGLRPGX 20

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 390729 seqs, 57163235 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 390729

Num DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

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- 7: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1986.DAT:*
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- 13: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1992.DAT:*
- 14: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1993.DAT:*
- 15: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1994.DAT:*
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- 19: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1998.DAT:*
- 20: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1999.DAT:*
- 21: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA2000.DAT:*
- 22: /SID66/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA2001.DAT:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match Length	ID	Description
1	103.5	89.2	20 19 W47438	Antigenic peptide.
2	103.5	89.2	20 20 Y31174	Ubiquitin fusion p.
3	103.5	89.2	20 20 Y31178	Ubiquitin fusion p
4	103.5	89.2	21 11 R07324	Luteinizing hormon
5	103.5	89.2	30 11 R07323	Luteinizing hormon
6	103.5	89.2	40 20 Y31183	Ubiquitin fusion p
7	103.5	89.2	41 20 Y31182	Ubiquitin fusion p
8	103.5	89.2	42 21 B20865	GnRH tandem dimer
9	100.5	86.6	20 20 Y31177	Ubiquitin fusion p
10	100.5	86.6	20 20 Y31179	Ubiquitin fusion p
11	100.5	86.6	40 21 Y96085	Cattle gonadotropi

12	100.5	86.6	263 12 R11185	Plasmod pBTA870-en
13	100.5	86.6	283 12 R11186	Plasmod pBTA862-en
14	100.5	86.6	323 12 R11187	Plasmod pBTA859-en
15	100.5	86.6	398 21 Y96090	BHY-1 truncated gd
16	100.5	86.6	399 21 Y96093	BHY-1 truncated gd
17	100.5	86.6	411 21 Y96089	GnRH tetramer-trun
18	100.5	86.6	442 21 Y96091	GnRH tetramer-BHY-
19	89.5	77.2	21 18 W21648	Peptide containing
20	89.5	77.2	42 18 W21649	Peptide containing
21	89.5	77.2	44 18 W21650	Peptide containing
22	89.5	76.7	23 21 B20864	GnRH tandem repeat
23	86	74.1	695 19 W79573	LKT-GnRH chimeric
24	86	74.1	695 21 Y58361	Leukotoxin/gonadot
25	86	74.1	695 21 Y58133	Gonadotropin relea
26	85.5	73.7	49 17 W03944	GnRH 4-repeat sequ
27	85.5	73.7	49 19 W79567	GnRH-2. Synthetic
28	85.5	73.7	49 19 W61542	Peptide hormone Gn
29	85.5	73.7	49 21 Y58363	Four-copy gonadotr
30	85.5	73.7	49 21 Y58135	GnRH analogue mult
31	85.5	73.7	544 17 W03943	LKT-GnRH protein f
32	85.5	73.7	544 19 W79570	LKT-GnRH chimeric
33	85.5	73.7	977 17 W03942	LKT-GnRH protein f
34	85.5	73.7	977 19 W79569	LKT-GnRH chimeric
35	85.5	73.7	18 21 Y89761	Core polypeptide f
36	68	58.6	256 12 Y89761	Plasmod pBTA732-en
37	67	57.8	18 21 Y89760	Core polypeptide f
38	67	57.8	22 21 Y89760	Core polypeptide f
39	65	56.0	18 21 Y89789	Core polypeptide f
40	63	54.3	26 21 Y89759	Core polypeptide f
41	60.5	52.2	257 12 R11179	Plasmod pBTA737-en
42	59	50.9	16 16 R78285	GnRH immunomimic a
43	59	50.9	16 21 Y58141	Gonadotropin relea
44	58.5	50.4	253 12 R11181	Plasmod pBTA733-en
45	58	50.0	9 20 W94891	LHRH peptide fragm

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT	ID	W47438 standard; peptide; 20 AA.
1	W47438	
AC	W47438;	
DT	05-JUN-1998 (first entry)	
DE	Antigenic peptide.	
KW	Vaccine; antigen.	
OS	Synthetic.	
PN	W09749425-A1.	
PD	31-DEC-1997.	
PF	24-JUN-1997; 97WO-NL00354.	
PR	25-JUN-1996; 96EP-0201766.	
PA	(DAVE-) DANISH VETERINARY INST ANIMAL VIRUS RES.	
PI	(DIER-) STICHTING INST DIERHOUDERIJ EN DIERGEZONHEID.	
DR	Beekman NJCM, Dalsgaard K, Mejoen RH, Schaeper WMM;	
PT	WPI: 1998-076912/07.	
PT	Vaccines comprising antigen bound to carrier by an in vivo labile	
PT	bond - especially synthetic peptide linked to fatty acid via	
PT	thioester or disulphide, provide greater immune response for weakly	
PT	immunogenic antigens	

PS Claim 9; Page 28; 36pp; English.

CC A novel vaccine comprises an antigen (Ag), e.g. the present
CC peptide, and carrier connected by a bond that is labile and
CC dissociates under certain physiological conditions.

CC The vaccine, which allows dissociation of the Ag from the carrier
CC molecule, can be used to elicit better immune responses against
CC poorly immunogenic Ag then those Ag which contain a stable link to
CC the carrier molecule. Ag dissociate from the carrier in vivo,
CC resulting in better immune response for Ag that are normally only
CC weakly immunogenic. The vaccine also improves targeting to, and
CC presentation by Ag-presenting cells.

XX Sequence 20 AA:

SO

Query Match 89.2%; Score 103.5; DB 19; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 94.7%; Pred. No. 1.5e-08;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
Db 2 hwsyglrpgqhwsgylrpg 20
|||||

RESULT 2
Y31174
ID Y31174 standard; peptide; 20 AA.
XX
AC Y31174;
XX
DT 28-OCCT-1999 (first entry)
XX
XX Ubiquitin fusion protein GnRH dimer for C-terminal extension.

KW Ubiquitin; immunocastration; fusion protein; heat shock protein; epitope;
KW immune response stimulation; vaccine; T cell; viral; infection; cancer;
KW bacterial; parasitic; treatment; gastrointestinal disease; HIV infection;
KW pulmonary infection; respiratory infection; scaffold; anti-self; pig;
KW steriodogenesis; gamete maturation; prostate; breast; castration; TNF;
KW tumour necrosis factor; septic shock; arthritis; Crohn's disease;
KW inflammatory bowel disease; ulcerative colitis; chorionic gonadotropin;
KW fertility; sperm protein; growth rate; antibody; detection; GnRH.

XX Synthetic.
XX OS
XX MO9942472-A1.
XX
PD 26-AUG-1999.
XX
PF 26-JAN-1999; 99WO-US01588.
XX
PR 19-FEB-1998; 98US-0026276.
XX
XX (IGEN-) IGEN INT INC.
XX
PI Kenten JH, Lohnas GL, Pilon AL, Roberts SF, Tramontano A;
XX WPI; 1999-518582/43.
XX
PT Epitope-containing fusion proteins used to generate a highly
PT specific immune responses
XX
XX Example 3; Page 40; 67pp; English.

CC This invention describes a novel fusion protein, comprising a heat shock
CC protein (e.g. ubiquitin), fused to an epitope(s) in a defined manner
CC which is useful for the stimulation of a highly specific immune response
CC when administered to an animal. The protein of the invention may be
CC post-translationally modified (e.g. by the addition of fatty acids to
CC enhance immunogenicity). The fusion proteins of the invention can be
CC used as vaccines to induce an immune response. When a T cell epitope is
CC attached, they can be used for control of viral infections, bacterial

CC infections, parasitic infection and cancer. The fusion proteins can be
CC used in pharmaceutical compositions for the treatment of gastrointestinal
CC diseases, pulmonary infections, respiratory infections, and HIV
CC infections. The use of ubiquitin as a scaffold is also useful for the
CC presentation and stimulation of anti-self immune responses, e.g.
CC generation of anti-gonadotropin releasing hormone antibodies which result
CC in the suppression of luteinizing hormone and follicle stimulating
CC hormone. This indirectly suppresses steriodogenesis and gamete maturation
CC in males and females. This type of anti-self response in humans is useful
CC in the treatment of prostate cancer and breast cancer. In livestock, the
CC ability to stimulate an anti-self response provides a simple alternative
CC to physical castration. Immunocastration of pigs is a better alternative
CC to physical castration, as it does not result in any of the detrimental
CC side effects associated with physical castration. Other examples of
CC diseases and conditions treated with self proteins fused with ubiquitin
CC are TNF and its epitopes to modulate septic shock, arthritis,
CC inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, and ulcerative colitis; Ig
CC epsilon heavy chain for the control of allergic reactions; chorionic
CC gonadotropin for fertility control; and sperm proteins for fertility
CC control. A further use of the fusion proteins is as part of a vaccine to
CC enhance growth rate and thereby the final weight of the livestock prior
CC to shipment to market. In addition, the fusion proteins of the invention
CC can be used to detect and identify antibodies from experimental samples.
CC This sequence represents a GnRH dimer used in the construction of a
CC ubiquitin fusion protein described in the method of the invention.

XX Sequence 20 AA:

SO

Query Match 89.2%; Score 103.5; DB 20; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 94.7%; Pred. No. 1.5e-08;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
Db 2 hwsyglrpgqhwsgylrpg 20
|||||

RESULT 3
Y31178
ID Y31178 standard; peptide; 20 AA.
XX
AC Y31178;
XX
DT 28-OCCT-1999 (first entry)
XX
XX Ubiquitin fusion protein GnRH mixed dimer 1.

KW Ubiquitin; immunocastration; fusion protein; heat shock protein; epitope;
KW immune response stimulation; vaccine; T cell; viral; infection; cancer;
KW bacterial; parasitic; treatment; gastrointestinal disease; HIV infection;
KW pulmonary infection; respiratory infection; scaffold; anti-self; pig;
KW steriodogenesis; gamete maturation; prostate; breast; castration; TNF;
KW tumour necrosis factor; septic shock; arthritis; Crohn's disease;
KW inflammatory bowel disease; ulcerative colitis; chorionic gonadotropin;
KW fertility; sperm protein; growth rate; antibody; detection; GnRH.

XX Synthetic.
XX OS
XX MO9942472-A1.
XX
PD 26-AUG-1999.
XX
PF 26-JAN-1999; 99WO-US01588.
XX
PR 19-FEB-1998; 98US-0026276.
XX
XX (IGEN-) IGEN INT INC.
XX
PI Kenten JH, Lohnas GL, Pilon AL, Roberts SF, Tramontano A;
XX WPI; 1999-518582/43.
XX

PT Epitope-containing fusion proteins used to generate a highly
 specific immune responses

Example 3; Page 41; 67pp; English.

CC This invention describes a novel fusion protein, comprising a heat shock
 CC protein (e.g. ubiquitin), fused to an epitope(s) in a defined manner
 CC which is useful for the stimulation of a highly specific immune response
 CC when administered to an animal. The protein of the invention may be
 CC post-translationally modified (e.g. by the addition of fatty acids to
 CC enhance immunogenicity). The fusion proteins of the invention can be
 CC used as vaccines to induce an immune response. When a T cell epitope is
 CC attached, they can be used for control of viral infections, bacterial
 CC infections, parasitic infection and cancer. The fusion proteins can be
 CC used in pharmaceutical compositions for the treatment of gastrointestinal
 CC diseases, pulmonary infections, respiratory infections, and HIV
 CC infections. The use of ubiquitin as a scaffold is also useful for the
 CC presentation and stimulation of anti-self immune responses, e.g.
 CC generation of anti-gonadotropin releasing hormone antibodies which result
 CC in the suppression of luteinizing hormone and follicle stimulating
 CC hormone. This indirectly suppresses steroidogenesis and gamete maturation
 CC in males and females. This type of anti-self response in humans is useful
 CC in the treatment of prostate cancer and breast cancer. In livestock, the
 CC ability to stimulate an anti-self response provides a simple alternative
 CC to physical castration. Immunocastration of pigs is a better alternative
 CC to physical castration, as it does not result in any of the detrimental
 CC side effects associated with physical castration. Other examples of
 CC diseases and conditions treated with self proteins fused with ubiquitin
 CC are TIF and its epitopes to modulate septic shock, arthritis,
 CC inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, and ulcerative colitis; Ig
 CC epsilon heavy chain for the control of allergic reactions; chorionic
 CC gonadotropin for fertility control; and sperm proteins for fertility
 CC control. A further use of the fusion proteins is as part of a vaccine to
 CC enhance growth rate and thereby the final weight of the livestock prior
 CC to shipment to market. In addition, the fusion proteins of the invention
 CC can be used to detect and identify antibodies from experimental samples.
 CC This sequence represents a GMR mixed dimer used in the construction of
 CC a ubiquitin fusion protein described in the method of the invention.

XX Sequence 20 AA:

Query Match 89.2%; Score 103.5; DB 20; Length 20;
 Best Local Similarity 94.7%; Pred. No. 1.5e-08;
 Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHMS-GLRPG 19
 |||||
 DB 2 hwsyglrpgqhwsgylrpg 20

RESULT 4
 R07324 R07324 standard; protein; 21 AA.

AC R07324;

XX 29-JAN-1991 (first entry)

DE Luteinising hormone releasing hormone derived peptide.

XX LHRH; vaccine; meat; pigs; cancer; sterilisation.

XX Synthetic.

OS Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Modified-site 1 /label=OTHER

FT Modified-site 3 /note=OTHER-pyroglyutamic acid

FT Modified-site 13 /label=OTHER
 /note=OTHER- N-formyl-Trp (optional)"

FT /label=OTHER
 FT /note=OTHER- N-formyl-Trp (optional)
 FT Misc-difference 21 /label=OTHER
 FT /note=OTHER-Cys-NH2

XX MO9011298-A.

XX 04-OCT-1990.

XX 22-MAR-1990; 90MO-NL00037.

XX 23-MAR-1989; 89NL-0000726.

XX (DIER-) STICHT CENT DIERGEN.

XX Meloen RH, Wensing CUG;

XX WPI; 1990-320228/42.

PT Peptide for vaccinating mammals against LHRH - comprises at least
 PT two luteinising hormone releasing hormone sequences in tandem

PS Claim 4; Page 10; 15pp; English.

CC The peptide comprises at least 2 LHRH sequences in tandem. The
 CC peptide can be used to vaccinate mammals (e.g. pigs) against LHRH.
 CC Such vaccination is used in human medicine for the treatment of
 CC prostate cancer and breast cancer and some forms of hypophyseal
 CC carcinoma. Other applicants. Include sterilisation of domestic
 CC animals and treatment of aggression in dogs. A major use of the
 CC vaccination is to improve meat quality in pigs by avoiding "boar
 CC odour" associated with the meat of sexually mature pigs.
 CC See also R07323.

XX Sequence 21 AA:

Query Match 89.2%; Score 103.5; DB 11; Length 21;
 Best Local Similarity 94.7%; Pred. No. 1.6e-08;
 Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHMS-GLRPG 19
 |||||
 DB 2 hwsyglrpgqhwsgylrpg 20

RESULT 5
 R07323 R07323 standard; peptide; 30 AA.

AC R07323;

XX 29-JAN-1991 (first entry)

DE Luteinising hormone releasing hormone derived peptide.

XX LHRH; vaccine; meat; pigs; cancer; sterilisation.

XX Synthetic.

OS Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Misc-difference 1 /label=OTHER
 /note=OTHER-pyroglyutamic acid or Gln having at
 least one additional AA attached."

FT Modified-site 3 /label=OTHER

FT Modified-site 13 /label=OTHER- N-formyl-Trp (optional)"

FT Modified-site 10..19 /label=OTHER- N-formyl-Trp (optional)"

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FT      /label-repeat
FT      /note="Repeat must occur at least once"
FT      Misc-difference 30
FT      //label-OTHER
FT      //note="Other-Gly-NH2 or Gly having at
XX      least one additional AA attached"
XX      MO9011298-A.
XX      PD      04-OCT-1990.
XX      PF      22-MAR-1990; 90WO-NL00037.
XX      PR      23-MAR-1989; 89NL-0000726.
XX      PA      (DIER-) STICHT CENT DIERGEN.
XX      MeLoen RH, Wensing CJG:
XX      WPI: 1990-320228/42.
XX      L
XX      PT      Peptide for vaccinating mammals against LHRH - comprises at least
XX      two luteinising hormone releasing hormone sequences in tandem
XX      PS      Claim 2; Page 10; 15pp; English.
XX      CC      The peptide comprises at least 2 LHRH sequences in tandem. There
XX      CC      may be a spacer gp. between Gly(20) and Gln(21). The peptide can
XX      CC      be used to vaccinate mammals (e.g. pigs) against LHRH. Such
XX      CC      vaccination is used in human medicine for the treatment of prostate
XX      CC      cancer and breast cancer and some forms of hypophyseal carcinoma.
XX      CC      Other applicants. Include sterilisation of domestic animals and
XX      CC      treatment of aggression in dogs. A major use of the vaccination is
XX      CC      to improve meat quality in pigs by avoiding "boar odour" associated
XX      CC      with the meat of sexually mature pigs.
XX      CC      See also R07323.
XX      SQ      Sequence 30 AA:
XX      L
XX      Query Match 89.2%; Score 103.5; DB 11; Length 30;
XX      Best Local Similarity 94.7%; Pred. No. 2.3e-08;
XX      Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1.
XX      QY      2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
XX      2 ||||| ||||| |||||
XX      2 hwsyglrpgqhwshwsyglrpg 20
XX      L
RESULT 6
Y31183
XX      ID      Y31183 standard; peptide; 40 AA.
XX      AC      Y31183;
XX      DT      28-OCT-1999 (first entry)
XX      DE      Ubiquitin fusion protein GnRH fragment 2.
XX      L
XX      Ubiquitin; immunocastration; fusion protein; heat shock protein; epitope;
XX      KW      immune response stimulation; vaccine; T cell; viral; infection; cancer;
XX      KW      bacterial; parasitic; treatment; gastrointestinal disease; HIV infection;
XX      KW      pulmonary infection; respiratory infection; scaffold; anti-self; pig;
XX      KW      steriodogenesis; gamete maturation; prostate; breast; castration; TMF;
XX      KW      tumour necrosis factor; septic shock; arthritis; Crohn's disease;
XX      KW      inflammatory bowel disease; ulcerative colitis; chorionic gonadotropin;
XX      KW      fertility; sperm protein; growth rate; antibody; detection; GnRH.
XX      L
XX      Unidentified.
XX      OS      MO9942472-A1.
XX      PN      26-AUG-1999.
XX      PD

```

PE 26-JAN-1999; 99WO-US01588.
 XX 19-FEB-1998; 98US-0026276.
 PR (IGEN-) IGEN INT INC.
 PA Kenten JH, Lohmas GL, Pilon AL, Roberts SF, Tramontano A;
 PI WPI: 1999-518582/43.
 DR
 XX Eptope-containing fusion proteins used to generate a highly
 PT specific immune responses
 PS
 XX Claim 83; Page 43; 67pp; English.
 CC This invention describes a novel fusion protein, comprising a heat shock
 CC protein (e.g. ubiquitin), fused to an epitope(s) in a defined manner
 CC which is useful for the stimulation of a highly specific immune response
 CC when administered to an animal. The protein of the invention may be
 CC post-translationally modified (e.g. by the addition of fatty acids to
 CC enhance immunogenicity). The fusion proteins of the invention can be
 CC used as vaccines to induce an immune response. When a T cell epitope is
 CC attached, they can be used for control of viral infections, bacterial
 CC infections, parasitic infection and cancer. The fusion proteins can be
 CC used in pharmaceutical compositions for the treatment of gastrointestinal
 CC diseases, pulmonary infections, respiratory infections, and HIV
 CC infections. The use of ubiquitin as a scaffold is also useful for the
 CC presentation and stimulation of anti-self immune responses, e.g.
 CC generation of anti-gonadotropin releasing hormone antibodies which result
 CC in the suppression of luteinizing hormone and follicle stimulating
 CC hormone. This indirectly suppresses steroidogenesis and gamete maturation
 CC in males and females. This type of anti-self response in humans is useful
 CC in the treatment of prostate cancer and breast cancer. In livestock, the
 CC ability to stimulate an anti-self response provides a simple alternative
 CC to physical castration. Immunocastration of pigs is a better alternative
 CC to physical castration, as it does not result in any of the detrimental
 CC side effects associated with physical castration. Other examples of
 CC diseases and conditions treated with self proteins fused with ubiquitin
 CC are TME and its eptopes to modulate septic shock, arthritis,
 CC inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, and ulcerative colitis; Ig
 CC epitoma heavy chain for the control of allergic reactions; chorionic
 CC gonadotropin for fertility control; and sperm proteins for fertility
 CC control. A further use of the fusion proteins is as part of a vaccine to
 CC enhance growth rate and thereby the final weight of the livestock prior
 CC to shipment to market. In addition, the fusion proteins of the invention
 CC can be used to detect and identify antibodies from experimental samples.
 CC This sequence represents a gnmr fragment used in the construction of
 CC a ubiquitin fusion protein described in the method of the invention.
 CC
 CC
 SQ Sequence 40 AA;
 QY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHMS-GLRPG 19
 DB 2 hwsyglrpgqhmwsyglrpg 20
 ID 7
 Y31182
 Y31182 standard; peptide; 41 AA.
 AC Y31182;
 DE 28-OCT-1999 (first entry)
 DE Ubiquitin fusion protein C
 TW Ubiquitin; immunocastrate

Page

KW immune response stimulation; vaccine; T cell; viral; infection; cancer;
 KW bacterial; parasitic; treatment; gastrointestinal disease; HIV infection;
 KW pulmonary infection; respiratory infection; scaffold; anti-self; pig;
 KW steroidogenesis; gamete maturation; prostate; breast; castration; TNF;
 KW tumour necrosis factor; septic shock; arthritis; Crohn's disease;
 KW inflammatory bowel disease; ulcerative colitis; chorionic gonadotropin;
 KW fertility; sperm protein; growth rate; antibody; detection; GnRH.
 XX Unidentified.
 OS
 XX WO9942472-A1.
 XX
 PD 26-AUG-1999.
 XX
 PF 26-JAN-1999; 99WO-US01588.
 XX
 PR 19-FEB-1998; 98US-0026276.
 XX
 PA (IGEN-) IGEN INT INC.
 XX
 PI Kenten JH, Lohnas GL, Pilon AL, Roberts SF, Tramontano A;
 XX
 WP: 1999-518582/43.
 XX
 PT Epitope-containing fusion proteins used to generate a highly
 XX specific immune responses
 PS
 XX Claim 81; Page 43; 67pp; English.
 XX
 CC This invention describes a novel fusion protein, comprising a heat shock
 CC protein (e.g. ubiquitin), fused to an epitope(s) in a defined manner
 CC which is useful for the stimulation of a highly specific immune response
 CC when administered to an animal. The protein of the invention may be
 CC post-translationally modified (e.g. by the addition of fatty acids to
 CC enhance immunogenicity). The fusion proteins of the invention can be
 CC used as vaccines to induce an immune response. When a T cell epitope is
 CC attached, they can be used for control of viral infections, bacterial
 CC infections, parasitic infection and cancer. The fusion proteins can be
 CC used in pharmaceutical compositions for the treatment of gastrointestinal
 CC diseases, pulmonary infections, respiratory infections, and HIV
 CC infections. The use of ubiquitin as a scaffold is also useful for the
 CC presentation and stimulation of anti-self immune responses, e.g.
 CC generation of anti-gonadotropin releasing hormone antibodies which result
 CC in the suppression of luteinizing hormone and follicle stimulating
 CC hormone. This indirectly suppresses steroidogenesis and gamete maturation
 CC in males and females. This type of anti-self response in humans is useful
 CC in the treatment of prostate cancer and breast cancer. In livestock, the
 CC ability to stimulate an anti-self response provides a simple alternative
 CC to physical castration. Immunocastration of pigs is a better alternative
 CC to physical castration, as it does not result in any of the detrimental
 CC side effects associated with physical castration. Other examples of
 CC diseases and conditions treated with self proteins fused with ubiquitin
 CC are TNF and its epitopes to modulate septic shock, arthritis,
 CC inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, and ulcerative colitis; Ig
 CC epsilon heavy chain for the control of allergic reactions; chorionic
 CC gonadotropin for fertility control; and sperm proteins for fertility
 CC control. A further use of the fusion proteins is as part of a vaccine to
 CC enhance growth rate and thereby the final weight of the livestock prior
 CC to shipment to market. In addition, the fusion proteins of the invention
 CC can be used to detect and identify antibodies from experimental samples.
 CC This sequence represents a GnRH fragment used in the construction of
 CC a ubiquitin fusion protein described in the method of the invention.
 XX
 XX Sequence 41 AA:
 SQ

Query Match 89.2%; Score 103.5; DB 20; Length 41;
 Best Local Similarity 94.7%; Pred. No. 3.3e-08;
 Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;
 QY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
 |||||||||||||
 Db 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWSYGLRPG 20

RESULT 8
 B20865
 ID B20865 standard; peptide; 42 AA.
 XX
 AC B20865;
 XX
 DT 03-JAN-2001 (first entry)
 XX
 XX GnRH tandem dimer peptide sequence SEQ ID NO:3.
 DE
 XX Gonadotropin releasing hormone; GnRH; immunogen; Protein D; carrier;
 KW prostate cancer; Haemophilus influenzae; vaccine; infectious disease;
 KW malaria; cytostatic; antiallergic; neurotropic; neuroprotective;
 KW protozoacide; Alzheimer's disease; allergy.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 FH Key Location/Qualifiers
 FT Modified-site 42 /note="amidated"
 FT
 XX
 PN WO200050077-A1.
 PD 31-AUG-2000.
 XX
 PF 22-FEB-2000; 2000WO-EP01457.
 XX
 PR 25-FEB-1999; 99GB-0004405.
 PR 25-FEB-1999; 99GB-0004408.
 PR 13-AUG-1999; 99GB-0019260.
 XX
 PA (SMIR) SMITHKLINE BEECHAM BIOLOGICALS.
 PI Coste M, Lobet Y, Van-Mechelen MP, Verriest C;
 XX
 DR WP: 2000-572040/53.
 XX
 CC Immunogens and vaccine comprising the immunogen useful for preventing
 CC and treating infectious diseases e.g. malaria and chronic disease e.g.
 CC cancer, comprises peptide and carrier from protein D of Influenzae -
 XX
 PS Disclosure; Page 7; 53pp; English.
 XX
 CC The present invention describes an immunogen (I) comprising a peptide
 CC (1a) and a carrier (1b) derived from protein D of Haemophilus influenzae
 CC or its fragment. Also described are: (1) a vaccine comprising (1), and
 CC an excipient; (2) preparation of (1), comprising conjugating a peptide
 CC to protein D or its fragment; and (3) preparation of a vaccine of (1),
 CC comprising formulating (1) with an excipient. (1) has cytostatic,
 CC antiallergic, neurotropic, neuroprotective and protozoacide activities.
 CC (1) and the vaccine are useful for the manufacture of a medicament for
 CC preventing and treating infectious diseases such as malaria or chronic
 CC disease such as cancer, Alzheimer's disease or allergy in a patient.
 CC Unlike prior art immunogens, (1) induces high levels of antipeptide
 CC immune responses while inducing a moderate humoral response against the
 CC carrier. The present sequence represents an example of an immunogen from
 CC the present invention which contains gonadotropin releasing hormone
 CC (GnRH) tandem dimers.
 XX
 XX Sequence 42 AA:
 SQ

Query Match 89.2%; Score 103.5; DB 21; Length 42;
 Best Local Similarity 94.7%; Pred. No. 3.4e-08;
 Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;
 QY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
 |||||||||||||
 Db 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWSYGLRPG 20

RESULT 9
ID Y31177 standard; peptide: 20 AA.
XX Y31177;
AC Y31177;
XX 28-OCT-1999 (first entry)
DE Ubiquitin fusion protein GnRH dimer.
XX Ubiquitin; immunocastration; fusion protein; heat shock protein; epitope;
KW immune response stimulation; vaccine; T cell; viral; infection; cancer;
KW bacterial; parasitic; treatment; gastrointestinal disease; HIV infection;
KW pulmonary infection; respiratory infection; scaffold; anti-self; pig;
KW steriodogenesis; gamete maturation; prostate; breast; castration; TNF;
KW tumour necrosis factor; septic shock; arthritis; Crohn's disease;
KW inflammatory bowel disease; ulcerative colitis; choriionic gonadotropin;
fertility; sperm protein; growth rate; antibody; detection; GnRH.
XX Synthetic.
OS Synthetic.
PN W09942472-A1.
XX 26-AUG-1999.
PD 26-AUG-1999.
XX 26-JAN-1999; 99WO-US01588.
PF 19-FEB-1998; 98US-0026276.
PR (IGEN-) IGEN INT INC.
PA Kenten JH, Lohmas GL, Pilon AL, Roberts SF, Tramontano A;
PI WPI: 1999-518582/43.
DR Epitope-containing fusion proteins used to generate a highly
XX specific immune responses
XX Example 3; Page 41; 67pp; English.
XX This invention describes a novel fusion protein, comprising a heat shock
CC protein (e.g. ubiquitin), fused to an epitope(s) in a defined manner
CC which is useful for the stimulation of a highly specific immune response
CC when administered to an animal. The protein of the invention may be
CC post-translationally modified (e.g. by the addition of fatty acids to
CC enhance immunogenicity). The fusion proteins of the invention can be
CC used as vaccines to induce an immune response. When a T cell epitope is
CC attached, they can be used for control of viral infections, bacterial
CC infections, parasitic infection and cancer. The fusion proteins can be
CC used in pharmaceutical compositions for the treatment of gastrointestinal
CC diseases, pulmonary infections, respiratory infections, and HIV
CC infections. The use of ubiquitin as a scaffold is also useful for the
CC presentation and stimulation of anti-self immune responses, e.g.
CC generation of anti-gonadotropin releasing hormone antibodies which result
CC in the suppression of luteinizing hormone and follicle stimulating
CC hormone. This indirectly suppresses steroidogenesis and gamete maturation
CC in males and females. This type of anti-self response in humans is useful
CC in the treatment of prostate cancer and breast cancer. In livestock, the
CC ability to stimulate an anti-self response provides a simple alternative
CC to physical castration. Immunocastration of pigs is a better alternative
CC to physical castration, as it does not result in any of the detrimental
CC side effects associated with physical castration. Other examples of
CC diseases and conditions treated with self proteins fused with ubiquitin
CC are TNF and its epitopes to modulate septic shock, arthritis,
CC inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, and ulcerative colitis; Ig
CC epsilon heavy chain for the control of allergic reactions; choriionic
CC gonadotropin for fertility control; and sperm proteins for fertility
CC control. A further use of the fusion proteins is as part of a vaccine to
CC enhance growth rate and thereby the final weight of the livestock prior
CC to shipment to market. In addition, the fusion proteins of the invention
CC can be used to detect and identify antibodies from experimental samples.
CC This sequence represents a GnRH dimer used in the construction of

CC a ubiquitin fusion protein described in the method of the invention.
XX SQ Sequence 20 AA;
XX Query Match 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 20; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 4e-08;
Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;
OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
DB 2 HWSYGLRPGHWSYGLRPG 20
IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII
RESULT 10
ID Y31179 standard; peptide: 20 AA.
XX Y31179;
AC Y31179;
XX 28-OCT-1999 (first entry)
DE Ubiquitin fusion protein GnRH mixed dimer 2.
XX Ubiquitin; immunocastration; fusion protein; heat shock protein; epitope;
KW immune response stimulation; vaccine; T cell; viral; infection; cancer;
KW bacterial; parasitic; treatment; gastrointestinal disease; HIV infection;
KW pulmonary infection; respiratory infection; scaffold; anti-self; pig;
KW steriodogenesis; gamete maturation; prostate; breast; castration; TNF;
KW tumour necrosis factor; septic shock; arthritis; Crohn's disease;
KW inflammatory bowel disease; ulcerative colitis; choriionic gonadotropin;
fertility; sperm protein; growth rate; antibody; detection; GnRH.
XX Synthetic.
OS Synthetic.
PN W09942472-A1.
XX 26-AUG-1999.
PD 26-AUG-1999.
XX 26-JAN-1999; 99WO-US01588.
PF 19-FEB-1998; 98US-0026276.
PR (IGEN-) IGEN INT INC.
PA Kenten JH, Lohmas GL, Pilon AL, Roberts SF, Tramontano A;
PI WPI: 1999-518582/43.
DR Epitope-containing fusion proteins used to generate a highly
XX specific immune responses
XX Example 3; Page 41; 67pp; English.
XX This invention describes a novel fusion protein, comprising a heat shock
CC protein (e.g. ubiquitin), fused to an epitope(s) in a defined manner
CC which is useful for the stimulation of a highly specific immune response
CC when administered to an animal. The protein of the invention may be
CC post-translationally modified (e.g. by the addition of fatty acids to
CC enhance immunogenicity). The fusion proteins of the invention can be
CC used as vaccines to induce an immune response. When a T cell epitope is
CC attached, they can be used for control of viral infections, bacterial
CC infections, parasitic infection and cancer. The fusion proteins can be
CC used in pharmaceutical compositions for the treatment of gastrointestinal
CC diseases, pulmonary infections, respiratory infections, and HIV
CC infections. The use of ubiquitin as a scaffold is also useful for the
CC presentation and stimulation of anti-self immune responses, e.g.
CC generation of anti-gonadotropin releasing hormone antibodies which result
CC in the suppression of luteinizing hormone and follicle stimulating
CC hormone. This indirectly suppresses steroidogenesis and gamete maturation
CC in males and females. This type of anti-self response in humans is useful
CC in the treatment of prostate cancer and breast cancer. In livestock, the
CC ability to stimulate an anti-self response provides a simple alternative
CC to physical castration. Immunocastration of pigs is a better alternative
CC to physical castration, as it does not result in any of the detrimental
CC side effects associated with physical castration. Other examples of
CC diseases and conditions treated with self proteins fused with ubiquitin
CC are TNF and its epitopes to modulate septic shock, arthritis,
CC inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, and ulcerative colitis; Ig
CC epsilon heavy chain for the control of allergic reactions; choriionic
CC gonadotropin for fertility control; and sperm proteins for fertility
CC control. A further use of the fusion proteins is as part of a vaccine to
CC enhance growth rate and thereby the final weight of the livestock prior
CC to shipment to market. In addition, the fusion proteins of the invention
CC can be used to detect and identify antibodies from experimental samples.
CC This sequence represents a GnRH dimer used in the construction of

CC to physical castration. Immunocastration of pigs is a better alternative
 CC to physical castration, as it does not result in any of the detrimental
 CC side effects associated with physical castration. Other examples of
 CC diseases and conditions treated with self proteins fused with ubiquitin
 CC are TNF and its epitopes to modulate septic shock, arthritis,
 CC inflammatory bowel disease, Crohn's disease, and ulcerative colitis. Ig
 CC epsilon heavy chain for the control of allergic reactions; chorionic
 CC gonadotropin for fertility control; and sperm proteins for fertility
 CC control. A further use of the fusion proteins is as part of a vaccine to
 CC enhance growth rate and thereby the final weight of the livestock prior
 CC to shipment to market. In addition, the fusion proteins of the invention
 CC can be used to detect and identify antibodies from experimental samples.
 CC This sequence represents a GnRH mixed dimer used in the construction of
 CC a ubiquitin fusion protein described in the method of the invention.

XX Sequence 20 AA;

Query Match 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 20; Length 20;

Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 4e-08; 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;
 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
 |||||
 2 hwsyglrpgshwsyglrpg 20

RESULT 11

ID Y96085 standard; Protein; 40 AA.

XX AC Y96085;

XX DT 19-DEC-2000 (first entry)

XX DE Cattle gonadotropin releasing hormone tetramer.

XX KW Gonadotropin releasing hormone; GnRH; cattle; vaccine;

XX KM dual immune response; immunogen; fertility; aggression;

XX OS Bos taurus.

XX FH Key Location/Qualifiers

XX FT Peptide 1..10 /label= GnRH

XX FT Peptide 11..20 /label= GnRH

XX FT Peptide 21..30 /label= GnRH

XX FT Peptide 31..40 /label= GnRH

XX PN EP1035133-A2.

XX PD 13-SEP-2000.

XX PF 14-FEB-2000; 2000EP-0301103.

XX PR 17-FEB-1999; 99US-0120454.

XX PA (Pfizer) PFIZER PROD INC.

XX PI Campos M, Martindale SR, Durtzsch BA, Yule TD;

XX DR WPI; 2000-566924/53.

XX DR N-PSDB; A50548.

XX Novel fusion protein for producing a dual immune response comprises a
 XX peptide analogous to an endogenous peptide which is to be inhibited,
 XX connected to a peptide analogous to an immunogen from a pathogen which
 XX infects a vertebrate

PS Disclosure; Fig 2; 93pp; English.

XX The present sequence represents a cattle gonadotropin releasing
 CC hormone (GnRH) tetramer, i.e. comprising 4 repeats of the GnRH
 CC native decapeptide (see Y96084). DNA (see A50548) encoding the
 CC tetramer was obtained by the annealing and cloning of GnRH-encoding
 CC oligonucleotides (see A50541-47). GnRH tetramer constructs were
 CC utilized in the novel fusion proteins of the invention also
 CC comprising a bovine herpesvirus type 1 (BHV-1) antigen. These
 CC fusion proteins (see Y96089-91 and Y96093) are used as vaccines,
 CC producing a dual immune response that is effective in inhibiting
 CC sexual characteristics in cattle and also in protecting against
 CC BHV-1, a causative agent of bovine respiratory disease. Sexual
 CC characteristics that can be inhibited include aggression in males,
 CC and fertility in males and females, the latter providing a means of
 CC contraception.

XX Sequence 40 AA;

Query Match 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 21; Length 40;

Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 8.6e-08; 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;
 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
 |||||
 2 hwsyglrpgshwsyglrpg 20

RESULT 12

ID R1185 standard; Protein; 263 AA.

XX AC R1185;

XX DT 22-MAY-1991 (first entry)

XX DE Plasmid pTR870-encoded Tratr-multiple LHRH analogue fusion.

XX KW Tratr protein; luteinizing hormone releasing hormone; fusion protein;

XX KM immunological castration.

XX FH Key Location/Qualifiers

XX FT Peptide 1..20 /label= Tratr signal

XX FT Peptide 201..220 /label= two copies of LHRH analogue

XX PN WO9102799-A.

XX PD 07-MAR-1991.

XX PF 24-AUG-1990; 90WO-AU00373.

XX PR 25-AUG-1989; 89AU-0005979.

XX PA (BIOT-) BIOTECHN AUST PTY L.

XX PI Russell-Jones GJ, Stewart AG, Tsonis CG;

XX DR WPI; 1991-087282/12.

XX DR N-PSDB; Q11019.

XX Fusion proteins comprising LHRH analogue and Tratr (analogue) -
 XX vertebrates, esp. domestic animals

XX Example 1; Fig 2 and 5; 53pp; English.

XX Plasmid pTR870 is a Tratr-LHRH analogue fusion in which two copies
 CC of an LHRH analogue have been inserted between amino acids 200 and
 CC 201 of Tratr (Ogata R.T. et al., (1982) J. Bacteriol. 151:819-827).
 CC The plasmid was constructed by inserting DNA encoding the LHRH

CC analogue into the SmaI site of pBTA733 (see Q11015) which all ready
 CC carries one copy of the LHRH sequence. After transformation,
 CC colonies with two LHRH molecules are identified. Fusion proteins
 CC with multiple inserts generated a higher anti-LHRH response (as
 CC measured by the binding of (125)-I-LHRH at a serum dilution of
 CC 1:2000 final) than constructs with a single insert. In outbred mice
 CC and dogs. The fusion proteins can be used to inhibit reproductive
 CC functions in vertebrates.
 CC See also Q10995, Q10997-Q11000, Q11014-8, Q11020-Q11021.

CC Sequence 263 AA:

Query Match 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 12; Length 263;
 Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 6.8e-07;
 Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

2 HWSYGLRPGQHMS-GLRPG 19
 |||||
 202 hwsyglrpgshwsyglrpg 220

RESULT 13

R1186 R1186 standard; Protein: 283 AA.

AC R1186;

DT 22-MAY-1991 (first entry)

DE Plasmid pBTA862-encoded TrATP-multiple LHRH analogue fusion.

KW TrATP protein; Leutinizng hormone releasing hormone; fusion protein;
 immunological castration.

Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Peptide 1..20 /label= TrATP signa;

FT Peptide 201..240 /label= four LHRH analogues in tandem repeat

PN WO9102799-A.

PD 07-MAR-1991.

XX 24-AUG-1990; 90WO-AU00373.

XX 25-AUG-1989; 89AU-0005979.

XX (BIOT-) BIOTECN AUST PTY L.

PA Russell-Jones GJ, Stewart AG, Tsonis CG;

DR MPI: 1991-087282/12.

DR N-PSDB: Q11020.

PT Fusion proteins comprising LHRH analogue and TrATP (analogue) -
 useful in vaccine for inhibition or control of reproduction in
 PT vertebrates, esp. domestic animals

PS Example 1; Fig 2 and 5; 53pp; English.

XX Plasmid pBTA862 is a TrATP-LHRH analogue fusion in which four copies
 CC of an LHRH analogue have been inserted between amino acids 200 and
 CC 201 of TrATP (Ogata R.T. et al., (1982) J.Bacteriol. 151:819-827).
 CC The plasmid was constructed by inserting DNA coding for a dimer of
 CC LHRH analogue into the SmaI site of pBTA870 (see Q11019) which all
 CC ready carries two copies of the LHRH sequence. After transformation,
 CC colonies with 4 LHRH molecules were identified. Fusion proteins
 CC with multiple inserts generated a higher anti-LHRH response (as
 CC measured by the binding of (125)-I-LHRH at a serum dilution of
 CC 1:2000 final) than constructs with a single insert. In outbred mice
 CC and dogs. The fusion proteins can be used to inhibit reproductive

CC functions in vertebrates.
 CC See also Q10995, Q10997-Q11000, Q11014-9, Q11021.

CC Sequence 283 AA:

Query Match 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 12; Length 283;
 Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 7.4e-07;
 Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHMS-GLRPG 19
 |||||
 Db 212 hwsyglrpgshwsyglrpg 230

RESULT 14

R1187 R1187 standard; Protein: 323 AA.

AC R1187;

DT 22-MAY-1991 (first entry)

DE Plasmid pBTA859-encoded TrATP-multiple LHRH analogue fusion.

KW TrATP protein; Leutinizng hormone releasing hormone; fusion protein;
 immunological castration.

Key Location/Qualifiers

FT Peptide 1..20 /label= TrATP signal

FT Peptide 201..280 /label= 8 LHRH analogues in tandem repeat

PN WO9102799-A.

PD 07-MAR-1991.

XX 24-AUG-1990; 90WO-AU00373.

XX 25-AUG-1989; 89AU-0005979.

XX (BIOT-) BIOTECN AUST PTY L.

PA Russell-Jones GJ, Stewart AG, Tsonis CG;

DR MPI: 1991-087282/12.

DR N-PSDB: Q11021.

PT Fusion proteins comprising LHRH analogue and TrATP (analogue) -
 useful in vaccine for inhibition or control of reproduction in
 PT vertebrates, esp. domestic animals

PS Example 1; Fig 2 and 5; 53pp; English.

XX Plasmid pBTA859 is a TrATP-LHRH analogue fusion in which 8 copies
 CC of an LHRH analogue have been inserted between amino acids 200 and
 CC 201 of TrATP (Ogata R.T. et al., (1982) J.Bacteriol. 151:819-827).
 CC The plasmid was constructed by two successive additions of DNA
 CC coding for a dimer of LHRH analogue into the SmaI site of pBTA862
 CC (see Q11020) which all ready carries four copies of the LHRH
 CC sequence. After transformation, colonies with 8 LHRH molecules were
 CC identified. Fusion proteins with multiple inserts generated a higher
 CC anti-LHRH response (as measured by the binding of (125)-I-LHRH at a
 CC serum dilution of 1:2000 final) than constructs with a single
 CC insert. In outbred mice and dogs. The fusion proteins can be used to
 CC inhibit reproductive functions in vertebrates.
 CC See also Q10995, Q10997-Q11000, Q11014-Q11020.

CC Sequence 323 AA:

Query Match 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 12; Length 323;

GenCore version 4.5
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: May 25, 2001, 15:32:12 ; Search time 11.62 Seconds
(without alignments)
33.065 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-214-009-1
Perfect score: 116
Sequence: 1 XHMSYGLRPGQHMSGLRPGX 20

Scoring table:
BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 185757 seqs, 19210857 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 185757

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : Issued Patents AA: *
1: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/1aa/5A.COMB.pep: *
2: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/1aa/5B.COMB.pep: *
3: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/1aa/6A.COMB.pep: *
4: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/1aa/6B.COMB.pep: *
5: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/1aa/PCITUS.COMB.pep: *
6: /cgn2_6/prodata/2/1aa/backfile1.pep: *

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	100.5	86.6	24	1	US-07-690-983D-43 Sequence 43, Appl
2	100.5	86.6	44	1	US-07-690-983D-45 Sequence 45, Appl
3	100.5	86.6	52	3	US-08-458-814-6 Sequence 6, Appl
4	100.5	86.6	55	3	US-08-458-814-7 Sequence 7, Appl
5	100.5	86.6	84	1	US-07-690-983D-47 Sequence 47, Appl
6	94.5	81.5	20	1	US-07-690-983D-40 Sequence 40, Appl
7	86	74.1	699	2	US-08-694-865-16 Sequence 16, Appl
8	86	74.1	699	3	US-09-124-491-16 Sequence 16, Appl
9	85.5	73.7	49	1	US-08-387-156-4 Sequence 4, Appl
10	85.5	73.7	49	2	US-08-694-865-4 Sequence 4, Appl
11	85.5	73.7	49	2	US-08-878-748-4 Sequence 4, Appl
12	85.5	73.7	49	3	US-09-124-491-4 Sequence 4, Appl
13	85.5	73.7	544	1	US-08-387-156-10 Sequence 10, Appl
14	85.5	73.7	544	2	US-08-694-865-10 Sequence 10, Appl
15	85.5	73.7	544	2	US-08-878-748-10 Sequence 10, Appl
16	85.5	73.7	544	3	US-09-124-491-10 Sequence 10, Appl
17	85.5	73.7	977	1	US-08-387-156-8 Sequence 8, Appl
18	85.5	73.7	977	2	US-08-694-865-8 Sequence 8, Appl
19	85.5	73.7	977	2	US-08-878-748-8 Sequence 8, Appl
20	85.5	73.7	977	3	US-09-124-491-8 Sequence 8, Appl
21	68	58.6	17	1	US-07-690-983D-16 Sequence 16, Appl
22	59	50.9	16	1	US-08-188-223-2 Sequence 2, Appl
23	59	50.9	16	4	US-08-968-466-2 Sequence 2, Appl
24	58	50.0	10	1	US-07-714-540-9 Sequence 9, Appl
25	58	50.0	10	1	US-07-690-983D-2 Sequence 2, Appl
26	58	50.0	10	1	US-07-690-983D-32 Sequence 32, Appl
27	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-103-022-1 Sequence 1, Appl

28	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-184-935-6 Sequence 6, Appl
29	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-343-883-1 Sequence 1, Appl
30	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-000-931-5 Sequence 5, Appl
31	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-428-488-22 Sequence 22, Appl
32	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-341-219-11 Sequence 11, Appl
33	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-2 Sequence 2, Appl
34	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-4 Sequence 4, Appl
35	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-6 Sequence 6, Appl
36	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-8 Sequence 8, Appl
37	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-10 Sequence 10, Appl
38	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-12 Sequence 12, Appl
39	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-14 Sequence 14, Appl
40	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-16 Sequence 16, Appl
41	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-19 Sequence 19, Appl
42	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-453-588-22 Sequence 22, Appl
43	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-188-223-3 Sequence 3, Appl
44	58	50.0	10	1	US-08-406-935-5 Sequence 5, Appl
45	58	50.0	10	4	US-09-317-125-2 Sequence 2, Appl

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
US-07-690-983D-43
; Sequence 43, Application US/07690983D
; Patent No. 5403586
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: RUSSELL-JONES, Gregory J.
; APPLICANT: STEWART, Andrew G.
; APPLICANT: TSONIS, Con G.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: FUSION PROTEINS
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 47
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESS: Foley & Lardner
; STREET: 3000 K Street, N.W.
; CITY: Washington, D.C.
; COUNTRY: USA
; ZIP: 20007-5109
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
; COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
; SOFTWARE: Patent Release #1.0, Version #1.25
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/07/690, 983D
; FILING DATE: 25-JUN-1991
; CLASSIFICATION: 435
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/AU90/00373
; FILING DATE: 24-AUG-1990
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: BENT, Stephen A.
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,768
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 16786/148 CHAC
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (202)672-5300
; TELEFAX: (202)672-5399
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 43:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 24 amino acids
; TYPE: amino acid
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; MOLECULE TYPE: protein
; US-07-690-983D-43

Query Match 86.6% Score 100.5; DB 1; Length 24;
Best Local Similarity 89.5% Pred. No. 2.5e-08;
Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;
QY 2 HMSYGLRPGQHMSGLRPG 19
|||||

Db 4 HWSYGLRPGHWSYGLRPG 22

RESULT 2

US-07-690-983D-45
; Sequence 45, Application US/07690983D
; Patent No. 5403586

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: RUSSELL-JONES, Gregory J.
APPLICANT: STENART, Andrew G.
APPLICANT: TSONIS, Con G.
TITLE OF INVENTION: FUSION PROTEINS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 47
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Foley & Lardner
STREET: 3000 K Street, N.W.
CITY: Washington, D.C.
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 20007-5109

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/07/690,983D
FILING DATE: 25-JUN-1991
CLASSIFICATION: 435
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/AU90/00373
FILING DATE: 24-AUG-1990
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: BENT, Stephen A.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,768
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 16786/148 CHAC
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (202)672-5300
TELEFAX: (202)672-5399

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 45:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 44 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-07-690-983D-45

Query Match 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 1; Length 44;

Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 4.8e-08;
Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;QY 2 HWSYGLRPGHWS-GLRPG 19
|||||:|||||
Db 4 HWSYGLRPGHWSYGLRPG 22

RESULT 3

US-08-458-814-6

; Sequence 6, Application US/08458814

; Patent No. 6103243

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: RUSSELL-JONES, Gregory J.
APPLICANT: DE AIZPURUA, Henry J
APPLICANT: HOWE, Peter
APPLICANT: RAND, Keith N
TITLE OF INVENTION: ORAL VACCINES
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 12
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Foley & Lardner
STREET: 3000 K Street, N.W.
CITY: Washington
STATE: D.C.
COUNTRY: USAADDRESS: Foley & Lardner
STREET: 3000 K Street, N.W.
CITY: Washington
STATE: D.C.
COUNTRY: USA

ZIP: 20007-5109

COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/458,814
FILING DATE: 02-JUN-1995
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/327,822
FILING DATE: 18-OCT-1994
CLASSIFICATION: 424
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/AU86/00135
FILING DATE: 14-MAY-1986
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: AU PH3104
FILING DATE: 25-OCT-1985
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: AU PH0566
FILING DATE: 15-MAY-1985
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: BENT, Stephen A.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,768
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 60042/155/BIAU
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: 202 672 5300
TELEFAX: 202 672 5399
TELEX: 904136

INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:

SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 52 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-08-458-814-6

Query Match 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 3; Length 52;

Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 5.8e-08;
Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;QY 2 HWSYGLRPGHWS-GLRPG 19
|||||:|||||
Db 17 HWSYGLRPGHWSYGLRPG 35

RESULT 4

US-08-458-814-7

; Sequence 7, Application US/08458814

; Patent No. 6103243

GENERAL INFORMATION:

APPLICANT: RUSSELL-JONES, Gregory J.
APPLICANT: DE AIZPURUA, Henry J
APPLICANT: HOWE, Peter
APPLICANT: RAND, Keith N
TITLE OF INVENTION: ORAL VACCINES
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 12
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Foley & Lardner
STREET: 3000 K Street, N.W.
CITY: Washington
STATE: D.C.
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 20007-5109COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/458,814ADDRESS: Foley & Lardner
STREET: 3000 K Street, N.W.
CITY: Washington
STATE: D.C.
COUNTRY: USA

FILING DATE: 02-JUN-1995
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/327,822
FILING DATE: 18-OCT-1994
CLASSIFICATION: 424
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/AU86/00135
FILING DATE: 14-MAY-1986
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: AU PH3104
FILING DATE: 25-OCT-1985
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: AU PH0566
FILING DATE: 15-MAY-1985
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: BENT, Stephen A.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,768
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 60042/155/BIAN
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: 202 672 5300,
TELEFAX: 202 672 5399
TELEX: 904136
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 55 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
STRANDEDNESS: unknown
TOPOLOGY: unknown
MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
US-08-458-814-7

Query Match 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 3; Length 55;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 6.2e-08;
Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
|||||:|||||
Db 19 HWSYGLRPGHWSYGLRPG 37

RESULT 5
US-07-690-983D-47
Sequence 47, Application US/07690983D
Patent No. 5403586
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: RUSSELL-JONES, Gregory J.
APPLICANT: STEWART, Andrew G.
APPLICANT: TSONIS, Con G.
TITLE OF INVENTION: FUSION PROTEINS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 47
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Foley & Lardner
STREET: 3000 K Street, N.W.
CITY: Washington, D.C.
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 20007-5109
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/07/690,983D
FILING DATE: 25-JUN-1991
CLASSIFICATION: 435
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/AU90/00373
FILING DATE: 24-AUG-1990
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: BENT, Stephen A.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,768
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 16786/148 CHAC

TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (202)672-5300
TELEFAX: (202)672-5399
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 47:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 84 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-07-690-983D-47

Query Match 86.6%; Score 100.5; DB 1; Length 84;
Best Local Similarity 89.5%; Pred. No. 9.7e-08;
Matches 17; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 19
|||||:|||||
Db 4 HWSYGLRPGHWSYGLRPG 22

RESULT 6
US-07-690-983D-40
Sequence 40, Application US/07690983D
Patent No. 5403586
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: RUSSELL-JONES, Gregory J.
APPLICANT: STEWART, Andrew G.
APPLICANT: TSONIS, Con G.
TITLE OF INVENTION: FUSION PROTEINS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 47
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: Foley & Lardner
STREET: 3000 K Street, N.W.
CITY: Washington, D.C.
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 20007-5109
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/07/690,983D
FILING DATE: 25-JUN-1991
CLASSIFICATION: 435
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/AU90/00373
FILING DATE: 24-AUG-1990
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: BENT, Stephen A.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,768
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 16786/148 CHAC
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (202)672-5300
TELEFAX: (202)672-5399
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 40:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 20 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-07-690-983D-40

Query Match 81.5%; Score 94.5; DB 1; Length 20;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 1.5e-07;
Matches 16; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 1; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWS-GLRPG 18
|||||:|||||
Db 3 HWSYGLRPGHWSYGLRPG 20

```
RESULT 7
US-08-694-865-16
; Sequence 16, Application US/08694865
; Patent No. 5837268
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: POTTER, ANDREW A.
; APPLICANT: MANN, JOHN G.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: GNRH-LEUKOTOXIN CHIMERAS
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 34
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: REED & ROBINS LLP
; STREET: 285 HAMILTON AVENUE, SUITE 200
; CITY: PALO ALTO
; STATE: CA
; COUNTRY: USA
; ZIP: 94301
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: FLOPPY disk
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
; SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/694,865
; FILING DATE: 09-AUG-1996
; CLASSIFICATION: 424
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: MCCracken, THOMAS P.
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 38,548
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 9001-0016.22
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (415)327-3400
; TELEFAX: (415)327-3231
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 16:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 699 amino acids
; TYPE: amino acid
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; MOLECULE TYPE: protein
; US-08-694-865-16

Query Match          74.1%; Score 86; DB 2; Length 699;
Best Local Similarity 52.9%; Pred. No. 0.00011;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 16; Gaps 2;

2 HWSYGLRPG-----QHWS-GLRPG 19
|||||
36 HWSYGLRPGSGSDMSYGLRPGSGHMSYGLRPG 69

RESULT 8
US-09-124-491-16
; Sequence 16, Application US/09124491
; Patent No. 6022960
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: POTTER, ANDREW A.
; APPLICANT: MANN, JOHN G.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: GNRH-LEUKOTOXIN CHIMERAS
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 34
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: REED & ROBINS LLP
; STREET: 285 HAMILTON AVENUE, SUITE 200
; CITY: PALO ALTO
; STATE: CA
; COUNTRY: USA
; ZIP: 94301
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: FLOPPY disk
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
; SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
```

```
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/124,491
; FILING DATE:
; CLASSIFICATION:
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/694,865
; FILING DATE: 09-AUG-1996
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/387,156
; FILING DATE: 10-FEB-1995
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/960,932
; FILING DATE: 14-OCT-1992
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/779,171
; FILING DATE: 16-OCT-1991
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: MCCracken, THOMAS P.
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 38,548
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 9001-0016.22
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (415)327-3400
; TELEFAX: (415)327-3231
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 16:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 699 amino acids
; TYPE: amino acid
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; MOLECULE TYPE: protein
; US-09-124-491-16
```

```
Query Match          74.1%; Score 86; DB 3; Length 699;
Best Local Similarity 52.9%; Pred. No. 0.00011;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 16; Gaps 2;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG-----QHWS-GLRPG 19
|||||
DB 36 HWSYGLRPGSGSDMSYGLRPGSGHMSYGLRPG 69
```

```
RESULT 9
US-08-387-156-4
; Sequence 4, Application US/08387156
; Patent No. 5723129
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: POTTER, ANDREW A.
; APPLICANT: REDMOND, MARK J.
; APPLICANT: HUGHES, HOW P.A.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: GNRH-LEUKOTOXIN CHIMERAS
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 28
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: REED & ROBINS
; STREET: 635 BRYANT STREET
; CITY: PALO ALTO
; STATE: CALIFORNIA
; COUNTRY: UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
; ZIP: 94301
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: FLOPPY disk
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
; SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/387,156
; FILING DATE: 10-FEB-1995
; CLASSIFICATION: 424
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/960,932
; FILING DATE: 14-OCT-1992
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/779,171
; FILING DATE: 16-OCT-1991
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: ROBINS, ROBERTA L.
```

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 33,208
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 9001-0016.21
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (415) 617-8999
TELEFAX: (415) 327-3231
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 49 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-08-387-156-4

Query Match 73.7%; Score 85.5; DB 1; Length 49;
Best Local Similarity 51.4%; Pred. No. 7.2e-06;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 17; Gaps 2;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG-----QHMS-GLRPG 19
DB 2 HWSYGLRPGSGSDMSYGLRPGSSQHMSYGLRPG 36

RESULT 10
US-08-694-865-4
Sequence 4, Application US/08694865
Patent No. 5837268
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: POTTER, ANDREW A.
APPLICANT: MANN, JOHN G.
TITLE OF INVENTION: GNRH-LEUKOTOXIN CHIMERAS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 34
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: REED & ROBINS LLP
STREET: 285 HAMILTON AVENUE, SUITE 200
CITY: PALO ALTO
STATE: CA
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 94301
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/694,865
FILING DATE: 09-AUG-1996
CLASSIFICATION: 424
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: MCCracken, THOMAS P.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 38,548
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 9001-0016.22
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (415)327-3400
TELEFAX: (415)327-3231
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 49 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-08-694-865-4

Query Match 73.7%; Score 85.5; DB 2; Length 49;
Best Local Similarity 51.4%; Pred. No. 7.2e-06;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 17; Gaps 2;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG-----QHMS-GLRPG 19
DB 2 HWSYGLRPGSGSDMSYGLRPGSSQHMSYGLRPG 36

RESULT 11
US-08-878-748-4
Sequence 4, Application US/08878748
Patent No. 5969126
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: POTTER, ANDREW A.
APPLICANT: REDMOND, MARK J.
APPLICANT: HUGHES, HUW P. A.
TITLE OF INVENTION: GNRH-LEUKOTOXIN CHIMERAS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 28
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: REED & ROBINS
STREET: 635 BRYANT STREET
CITY: PALO ALTO
STATE: CALIFORNIA
COUNTRY: UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
ZIP: 94301
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/878,748
FILING DATE: 19-JUN-1997
CLASSIFICATION: 536
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/387,156
FILING DATE: 10-FEB-1995
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/960,932
FILING DATE: 14-OCT-1992
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/779,171
FILING DATE: 16-OCT-1991
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: ROBINS, ROBERTA L.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 33,208
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 9001-0016.21
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (415) 617-8999
TELEFAX: (415) 327-3231
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 49 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-08-878-748-4

Query Match 73.7%; Score 85.5; DB 2; Length 49;
Best Local Similarity 51.4%; Pred. No. 7.2e-06;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 17; Gaps 2;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG-----QHMS-GLRPG 19
DB 2 HWSYGLRPGSGSDMSYGLRPGSSQHMSYGLRPG 36

RESULT 12
US-09-124-491-4
Sequence 4, Application US/09124491
Patent No. 6022960
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: POTTER, ANDREW A.
APPLICANT: MANN, JOHN G.
TITLE OF INVENTION: GNRH-LEUKOTOXIN CHIMERAS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 34
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: REED & ROBINS LLP
STREET: 285 HAMILTON AVENUE, SUITE 200
CITY: PALO ALTO
STATE: CA

COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 94301
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/124,491
FILING DATE:
CLASSIFICATION:
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/694,865
FILING DATE: 09-AUG-1996
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/387,156
FILING DATE: 10-FEB-1995
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/960,932
FILING DATE: 14-OCT-1992
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/779,171
FILING DATE: 16-OCT-1991
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: MCCracken, THOMAS P.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 38,548
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 9001-0016.22
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (415)327-3400
TELEFAX: (415)327-3231
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 49 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-09-124-491-4

Query Match 73.7% Score 85.5; DB 3; Length 49;
Best Local Similarity 51.4%; Pred. No. 7,2e-06;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 17; Gaps 2;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG-----QHWS-GLRPG 19
DB 2 HWSYGLRPGSGSQDWSYGLRPGSSQHWSYGLRPG 36

US-08-387-156-10
Sequence 10, Application US/08387156
Patent No. 5723129
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: POTTER, ANDREW A.
APPLICANT: REDMOND, MARK J.
APPLICANT: HUGHES, HUI P. A.
TITLE OF INVENTION: GHRH-LEUKOTOXIN CHIMERAS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 28
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: REED & ROBINS
STREET: 635 BRYANT STREET
CITY: PALO ALTO
STATE: CALIFORNIA
COUNTRY: UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
ZIP: 94301
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/387,156
FILING DATE: 10-FEB-1995
CLASSIFICATION: 424

PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/960,932
FILING DATE: 14-OCT-1992
PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/779,171
FILING DATE: 16-OCT-1991
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: ROBINS, ROBERTA L.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 33,208
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 9001-0016.21
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (415) 617-8999
TELEFAX: (415) 327-3231
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 544 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-08-387-156-10

Query Match 73.7% Score 85.5; DB 1; Length 544;
Best Local Similarity 51.4%; Pred. No. 9,6e-05;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 17; Gaps 2;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG-----QHWS-GLRPG 19
DB 495 HWSYGLRPGSGSQDWSYGLRPGSSQHWSYGLRPG 529

RESULT 14
US-08-694-865-10
Sequence 10, Application US/08694865
Patent No. 5837268
GENERAL INFORMATION:
APPLICANT: POTTER, ANDREW A.
APPLICANT: MANN, JOHN G.
TITLE OF INVENTION: GHRH-LEUKOTOXIN CHIMERAS
NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 34
CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
ADDRESSEE: REED & ROBINS LLP
STREET: 285 HAMILTON AVENUE, SUITE 200
CITY: PALO ALTO
STATE: CA
COUNTRY: USA
ZIP: 94301
COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.30
CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/694,865
FILING DATE: 09-AUG-1996
CLASSIFICATION: 424
ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
NAME: MCCracken, THOMAS P.
REGISTRATION NUMBER: 38,548
REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 9001-0016.22
TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
TELEPHONE: (415)327-3400
TELEFAX: (415)327-3231
INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10:
SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
LENGTH: 544 amino acids
TYPE: amino acid
TOPOLOGY: linear
MOLECULE TYPE: protein
US-08-694-865-10

Query Match 73.7% Score 85.5; DB 2; Length 544;

Best Local Similarity 51.4%; Pred. No. 9.6e-05;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 17; Gaps 2;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG-----QHWS-GLRPG 19
|||||
Db 495 HWSYGLRPGSGSQDWSYGLRPGSSQHWSYGLRPG 529

RESULT 15

US-08-878-748-10

; Sequence 10, Application US/08878748
; Patent No. 5969126
; GENERAL INFORMATION:

; APPLICANT: POTTER, ANDREW A.
; APPLICANT: REDMOND, MARK J.

; APPLICANT: HUGHES, HUN P. A.

; TITLE OF INVENTION: GNRH-LEUKOTOXIN CHIMERAS
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 28

; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: REED & ROBINS

; STREET: 635 BRYANT STREET
; CITY: PALO ALTO

; STATE: CALIFORNIA

; COUNTRY: UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

; ZIP: 94301

; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk

; COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

; SOFTWARE: Patentin Release #1.0, Version #1.25
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/878,748
; FILING DATE: 19-JUN-1997

; CLASSIFICATION: 536
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

; APPLICATION NUMBER: US 08/387,156
; FILING DATE: 10-FEB-1995

; APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/960,932
; FILING DATE: 14-OCT-1992

; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/779,171

; FILING DATE: 16-OCT-1991
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

; NAME: ROBINS, ROBERTA L.
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 33,208

; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (415) 617-8999

; TELEFAX: (415) 327-3231
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10:

; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 544 amino acids

; TYPE: amino acid
; TOPOLOGY: linear

; MOLECULE TYPE: protein
; US-08-878-748-10

Query Match 73.7%; Score 85.5; DB 2; Length 544;
Best Local Similarity 51.4%; Pred. No. 9.6e-05;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 17; Gaps 2;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG-----QHWS-GLRPG 19
|||||
Db 495 HWSYGLRPGSGSQDWSYGLRPGSSQHWSYGLRPG 529

Search completed: May 25, 2001, 15:32:51
Job time: 39 sec

GenCore version 4.5
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: May 25, 2001, 15:32:12 ; Search time 12.88 Seconds
(without alignments)
106.713 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-214-009-1
Perfect score: 116
Sequence: 1 XHWSYGLRPGHWSGLRPGX 20

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 198801 seqs, 68722935 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 198801

Maximum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database : PIR.67:*
1: PIR1:*
2: PIR2:*
3: PIR3:*
4: PIR4:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
1	58	50.0	10	1	RHPGG
2	58	50.0	10	1	RHSHG
3	58	50.0	67	2	I78541
4	58	50.0	89	2	I51423
5	58	50.0	90	1	RHMSG
6	58	50.0	92	1	RHHUG
7	58	50.0	92	1	RHRTG
8	54	46.6	10	1	RHAQ1
9	54	46.6	92	2	I50644
10	54	46.6	364	2	B83078
11	52.5	45.3	120	2	S05791
12	52	44.8	98	2	I50739
13	50	43.1	477	1	CZCLAM
14	49	42.2	219	2	S74483
15	48	41.4	80	2	RHIDIS
16	48	41.4	91	2	JC7393
17	48	41.4	615	2	H82635
18	47.5	40.9	165	1	JFBUY1
19	47.5	40.9	388	2	C72710
20	47	40.5	551	2	E64728
21	47	40.5	1216	2	T34101
22	46.5	39.7	377	2	A35795
23	46	39.2	186	2	S76125
24	45.5	39.2	259	1	CRB02
25	45	38.8	10	2	A21114
26	45	38.8	74	2	I51092
27	45	38.8	82	2	I51180
28	45	38.8	82	2	I51355
29	45	38.8	82	2	I51365

30	45	38.8	82	2	I51331	gonadotropin relea
31	45	38.8	90	2	JC7395	salmon-type gonado
32	45	38.8	90	2	A23735	gonadoliberin prec
33	45	38.8	90	2	I51095	gonadoliberin prec
34	45	38.8	133	2	T35218	hypothetical prote
35	45	38.8	149	2	F72677	hypothetical prote
36	45	38.8	248	2	T46837	precortin-6x reduc
37	45	38.8	409	2	S12588	pol polyprotein -
38	45	38.8	484	2	JE0261	N-acetylglucosamin
39	45	38.8	571	2	F70040	sulfite reductase
40	45	38.8	584	2	JQ1229	cellulase (EC 3.2.
41	45	38.8	1020	2	D83679	hypothetical prote
42	45	38.8	1444	2	T18856	angiogenesis inhib
43	44.5	38.4	259	1	CRRB2	carbonate dehydrat
44	44.5	38.4	260	1	CRH02	carbonate dehydrat
45	44.5	38.4	372	2	E36470	wnt-5b protein - m

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1.
RHPGG
gonadoliberin - pig
C:Species: Sus scrofa domestica (domestic pig)
C>Date: 13-Jul-1981 #sequence-revision 13-Jul-1981 #text-change 18-Mar-1997
C:Accession: A01411
R:Baba, Y.; Matsuo, H.; Schally, A.V.
Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 44, 459-463, 1971
A>Title: Structure of the porcine LH- and FSH-releasing hormone. II. Confirmation of
A:Reference number: A90172; M0ID:72114303
A:Accession: A01411
A:Molecule type: protein
A:Residues: 1-10 <BAB>
R:Matsuo, H.; Arimura, A.; Nair, R.M.G.; Schally, A.V.
Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 45, 822-827, 1971
A>Title: Synthesis of the porcine LH- and FSH-releasing hormone by the solid-phase me
A:Reference number: A90176; M0ID:72065376
A:Contents: annotation; synthesis
A>Note: the synthetic and natural hormones have the same physicochemical and biologic
R:Baba, Y.; Arimura, A.; Schally, A.V.
Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 45, 483-487, 1971
A>Title: On the tryptophan residue in porcine LH and FSH-releasing hormone.
A:Reference number: A90175; M0ID:72117544
A:Contents: annotation
A>Note: Trp-3 appears to be essential for biological activity
C:Comment: This hypothalamic hormone stimulates the secretion of both luteinizing and
C:Superfamily: gonadoliberin
C:Keywords: amidated carboxyl end; hormone; hypothalamus; pyroglutamic acid
F:1/Modified site: pyrrolidone carboxylic acid (Gln) #status experimental
F:10/Modified site: amidated carboxyl end (Gly) #status experimental

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 10;
Best local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.025;
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
Db 2 HWSYGLRPG 10

RESULT 2
RHSNG
gonadoliberin - sheep
C:Species: Ovis orientalis aries, Ovis ammon aries (domestic sheep)
C>Date: 31-Dec-1991 #sequence-revision 31-Dec-1991 #text-change 18-Mar-1997
C:Accession: A93780; A01411
R:Burgus, R.; Butcher, M.; Amoss, M.; Ling, N.; Monahan, M.; Rivier, J.; Fellows, R.;
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 69, 278-282, 1972
A>Title: Primary structure of the ovine hypothalamic luteinizing hormone-releasing fa
A:Reference number: A93780; M0ID:72094314
A:Accession: A93780

A:Accession: A93342
 A:Molecule type: mRNA
 A:Residues: 1-15, 'S', 17-92 <SEE>
 A:Cross-references: GB:X01059; NID:g34356; PIDN:CAA25526.1; PID:g34357
 A:Experimental source: Placenta
 R:Ten, L.; Rousseau, P.
 Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 109, 1061-1071, 1982
 A:Title: The chemical identity of the immunoreactive LHRH-like peptide biosynthesized in
 A:Reference number: A90108; MUID:83126573
 A:Accession: A90108
 A:Molecule type: protein
 A:Residues: 24-33 <TRAN>
 A:Experimental source: Placental trophoblasts
 R:Leibovitz, D.; Koch, Y.; Pitterer, F.; Fridkin, M.; Dantes, A.; Baumeister, W.; Amsterda
 FEBS Lett. 346, 203-206, 1994
 A:Title: Sequential degradation of the neuropeptide gonadotropin-releasing hormone by th
 A:Reference number: S45718; MUID:94283597
 A:Contents: annotation; degradation pathway of synthetic hormone
 C:Genetics:
 A:Gene: GDB:GNRH; LHRH; GRH
 A:Cross-references: GDB:133746; OMIM:227200; OMIM:152760
 A:Position: 8p21-8p11.2
 A:Exons: 47/3; 79/3
 C:Function:
 A:Description: gonadoliberin stimulates pituitary secretion of lutropin and follitropin
 A:Note: gonadoliberin-associated protein may have prolactin release inhibiting activi
 C:Superfamily: gonadoliberin
 C:Keywords: amidated carboxyl end; hormone; hypothalamus; placenta; pyroglutamic acid
 F:1-23/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
 F:24-92/Product: progadoliberin #status predicted <PGN>
 F:24-33/Product: gonadoliberin #status experimental <MAT>
 F:37-92/Product: gonadoliberin-associated protein #status predicted <GAP>
 F:24/Modified site: pyrrolidone carboxylic acid (Gln) (in mature form) #status experimen
 F:33/Modified site: amidated carboxyl end (Gly) (amide in mature form from following gly

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 92;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.23;
 Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 |||||
 DB 25 HWSYGLRPG 33

RESULT 7
 RHRTG
 gonadoliberin precursor - rat
 N:Alternate names: gonadoliberin-associated protein (GAP); gonadotropin releasing hormo
 N:Title: gonadoliberin: prolactin release-inhibiting factor
 C:Species: Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat)
 C:Accession: A40147; B26173; A48410
 R:Bond, C.T.; Hayflick, J.S.; Seeburg, P.H.; Adelman, J.P.
 Mol. Endocrinol. 3, 1257-1262, 1989
 A:Title: The rat gonadotropin-releasing hormone: SH locus: structure and hypothalamic ex
 A:Reference number: A40147; MUID:89384661
 A:Accession: A40147
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-92 <BON>
 A:Cross-references: GB:M1670; NID:g204447; PIDN:AAA41264.1; PID:g204448
 R:Adelman, J.P.; Mason, A.J.; Hayflick, J.S.; Seeburg, P.H.
 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 83, 179-183, 1986
 A:Title: Isolation of the gene and hypothalamic cDNA for the common precursor of gonadot
 A:Reference number: A94090; MUID:86094338
 A:Accession: B26173
 A:Molecule type: mRNA
 A:Residues: 1-92 <ADP>
 A:Cross-references: GB:M12579; NID:g204445; PIDN:AAA41263.1; PID:g204446
 R:Maier, C.C.; Marchetti, B.; LeBoeuf, R.D.; Blalock, J.E.
 Cell. Mol. Neurobiol. 12, 447-454, 1992
 A:Title: Thymocytes express a mRNA that is identical to hypothalamic luteinizing hormone
 A:Reference number: A48410; MUID:93105480

A:Accession: A48410
 A>Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: mRNA
 A:Residues: 1-92 <MAT>
 A:Cross-references: GB:S50870; NID:g262059; PIDN:AAB24572.1; PID:g262060
 A:Experimental source: thymus
 A:Note: sequence extracted from NCBI backbone (NCBIN:121082, NCBI:P:121083)
 C:Genetics:
 A:Introns: 47/3; 79/3
 C:Function:
 A:Description: stimulates pituitary secretion of lutropin and follitropin
 A:Note: gonadoliberin-associated protein may have prolactin release inhibiting activi
 C:Superfamily: gonadoliberin
 C:Keywords: amidated carboxyl end; hormone; hypothalamus; placenta; pyroglutamic acid
 F:1-23/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
 F:24-92/Product: progadoliberin #status predicted <PGN>
 F:24-33/Product: gonadoliberin #status predicted <GAP>
 F:37-92/Product: prolactin release-inhibiting factor #status predicted <PIF>
 F:24/Modified site: pyrrolidone carboxylic acid (Gln) (in mature form) #status predic
 F:33/Modified site: amidated carboxyl end (Gly) (amide in mature form from following

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 92;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.23;
 Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 |||||
 DB 25 HWSYGLRPG 33

RESULT 8
 RHAGL
 gonadoliberin I - American alligator
 N:Alternate names: gonadotropin-releasing hormone I
 C:Species: Alligator mississippiensis (American alligator)
 C:Date: 31-Mar-1993 #sequence_revision 31-Mar-1993 #text_change 18-Mar-1997
 C:Accession: A60066
 R:Lovejoy, D.A.; Fischer, W.H.; Parker, D.B.; McRory, J.E.; Park, M.; Lance, V.; Swan
 Regul. Pept. 33, 105-116, 1991
 A:Title: Primary structure of two forms of gonadotropin-releasing hormone from brains
 A:Reference number: A60066; MUID:91352338
 A:Accession: A60066
 A:Molecule type: protein
 A:Residues: 1-10 <LOV>
 C:Superfamily: gonadoliberin
 C:Keywords: amidated carboxyl end; hormone; hypothalamus; pyroglutamic acid
 F:1/Modified site: pyrrolidone carboxylic acid (Gln) #status experimental
 F:10/Modified site: amidated carboxyl end (Gly) #status experimental

Query Match 46.6%; Score 54; DB 1; Length 10;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 0.089;
 Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 |||||
 DB 2 HWSYGLRPG 10

RESULT 9
 I50644
 gonadoliberin I precursor - chicken
 N:Alternate names: gonadotropin-releasing hormone I
 C:Species: Gallus gallus (Chicken)
 C:Date: 21-Feb-1997 #sequence_revision 21-Feb-1997 #text_change 16-Jul-1999
 C:Accession: I50644; S33507
 R:Dunn, I.C.; Chen, Y.; Hook, C.; Sharp, P.J.; Sang, H.M.
 J. Mol. Endocrinol. 11, 19-29, 1993
 A:Title: Characterization of the chicken preprogonadotropin-releasing hormone-I gene
 A:Reference number: I50644; MUID:94059355
 A:Accession: I50644
 A>Status: translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ

A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-92 <DU2>
 A:Cross-references: EMBL:X69491; NID:g496326; PIDN:CAA9246.1; PID:g311612
 C:Genetics:
 A:Introns: 47/3; 79/3
 C:Superfamily: gonadoliblerin

Query Match 46.6%; Score 54; DB 2; Length 92;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. NO. 0.82;
 Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 |||||
 Db 25 HWSYGLRPG 33

RESULT 10

Probable D-amino acid oxidase PA4548 [Imported] - Pseudomonas aeruginosa (strain PA01)
 C:Species: Pseudomonas aeruginosa
 C>Date: 15-Sep-2000 #sequence_revision 15-Sep-2000 #text_change 31-Dec-2000
 C:Accession: B83078

R:Stover, C.K.; Pham, X.O.; Erwin, A.L.; Mizoguchi, S.D.; Warren, P.; Hickey, M.J.; Bradman, S.; Yuan, Y.; Brody, L.L.; Coulter, S.N.; Folger, K.R.; Kas, A.; Lardig, K.; Lim, J.; Lory, S.; Olson, M.V.
 Nature 406, 959-964, 2000

A:Title: Complete genome sequence of Pseudomonas aeruginosa PA01, an opportunistic pathogen
 A:Reference number: A82950; MUID:20437337

A:Accession: B83078

A>Status: preliminary

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-364 <STO>

A:Cross-references: GB:AE004868; GB:AE004091; NID:g9950785; PIDN:AG07936.1; GSPDB:GN001

A:Experimental source: strain PA01

C:Genetics:
 A:Gene: PA4548

Query Match 46.6%; Score 54; DB 2; Length 364;
 Best Local Similarity 61.5%; Pred. NO. 3.3;
 Matches 8; Conservative 3; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 7 LRPGHWSGLRPG 19
 ::|||
 Db 292 MQPVHMAGLRPG 304

RESULT 11

S05791 mating pheromone alpha-2 precursor - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)

N:Alternate names: mating factor alpha-2; mating hormone alpha-2; protein G3181; protein C:Species: Saccharomyces cerevisiae
 C>Date: 23-Apr-1993 #sequence_revision 23-Apr-1993 #text_change 20-Jun-2000
 C:Accession: S05791; S64096

R:Singh, A.; Chen, E.Y.; Lugovoy, J.M.; Chang, C.N.; Hitzeman, R.A.; Seeburg, P.H.

Nucleic Acids Res. 11, 4049-4053, 1983

A:Title: Saccharomyces cerevisiae contains two discrete genes coding for the alpha-factor
 A:Reference number: S05790; MUID:83246532

A:Accession: S05791

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-120 <STN>

A:Cross-references: EMBL:X01582; NID:g3944; PIDN:CAA2573.1; PID:g495233

R:Rieger, M.; Mueller-Auer, S.; Brueckner, M.; Schaefer, M.

submitted to the Protein Sequence Database, May 1996

A:Reference number: S64071

A:Accession: S64096

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-120 <RIE>

A:Cross-references: EMBL:Z72611; NID:g1322616; PIDN:CAA96795.1; PID:g1322617; MIPS:YGL08

A:Experimental source: strain S286C

C:Genetics:

A:Gene: SGD:MF(ALPHA)2; MFA2

A:Cross-references: SGD:S0003057; MIPS:YGL089C
 A:Map position: 7L

C:Superfamily: mating hormone alpha precursor

C:Keywords: conjugation; extracellular protein; glycoprotein; hormone

F:1-21/Domains: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>

F:87-99/Product: mating pheromone alpha #status predicted <MAT1>

F:108-120/Product: mating pheromone alpha #status predicted <MAT2>

F:52,62,74/Binding site: carbohydrate (Asn) (covalent) #status predicted

Query Match 45.3%; Score 52.5; DB 2; Length 120;
 Best Local Similarity 40.0%; Pred. NO. 1.7;
 Matches 12; Conservative 1; Mismatches 4; Indels 13; Gaps 2;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQ-----HWSGLRPG 19
 |||||
 Db 88 HW-LMRPGQPMYKREANADAMHWLQLRPG 116

RESULT 12

gonadotropin-releasing hormone - Cichlid (Haplochromis burtoni)

C:Species: Haplochromis burtoni

C>Date: 13-Sep-1996 #sequence_revision 13-Sep-1996 #text_change 21-Jul-2000
 C:Accession: I50739

R:White, S.A.; Kastem, T.L.; Bond, C.T.; Adelman, J.P.; Fernald, R.D.

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 92, 8363-8367, 1995

A:Title: Three gonadotropin-releasing hormone genes in one organism suggest novel role

A:Reference number: I50739; MUID:95396797

A:Accession: I50739

A>Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ

A:Molecule type: mRNA

A:Residues: 1-98 <WHI>

A:Cross-references: EMBL:U31865; NID:g905398; PIDN:AAC59691.1; PID:g905399

C:Superfamily: gonadoliblerin

Query Match 44.8%; Score 52; DB 2; Length 98;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. NO. 1.6;
 Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 |||||
 Db 24 HWSYGLRPG 32

RESULT 13

CZCLAM cellulase (EC 3.2.1.4) A precursor - Clostridium thermocellum

N:Alternate names: endo-1,4-beta-glucanase A precursor

C:Species: Clostridium thermocellum
 C>Date: 28-Dec-1987 #sequence_revision 28-Dec-1987 #text_change 18-Jun-1999
 C:Accession: A23100; B23100

R:Bequith, P.; Cornet, P.; Aubert, J.P.

J. Bacteriol. 162, 102-105, 1985

A:Title: Sequence of a cellulase gene of the thermophilic bacterium Clostridium therm

A:Reference number: A23100; MUID:85157393

A:Accession: A23100

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-477 <BEG>

A:Cross-references: GB:K03088; NID:g144752; PIDN:AAA83521.1; PID:g144753

A:Accession: B23100

A:Molecule type: protein

A:Residues: 33-48 <BEG2>

C:Genetics:

A:Gene: celA

C:Function: catalyzes the hydrolysis of 1,4-beta-D-glucosidic bonds in beta-D-gluc

A:Pathway: cellulose degradation

C:Superfamily: cellulase A; Clostridium cellulase repeat homology

C:Keywords: duplication; extracellular protein; glycosidase; hydrolase; polysaccharid

F:1-32/Domains: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>

F:33-477/Product: cellulase A #status predicted <MPT>

F:417-440/Domain: Clostridium cellulase repeat homology <CCRR>
F:449-472/Domain: Clostridium cellulase repeat homology <CCR2>

Query Match 43.1%; Score 50; DB 1; Length 477;
Best Local Similarity 57.1%; Pred. No. 15;
Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 5; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWMSG 15
DB 194 HGSYVLKPGDRWGC 207

RESULT 14

S74483
hypothetical protein sl11063 - Synechocystis sp. (strain PCC 6803)
C:Species: Synechocystis sp.
A:Variate: PCC 6803

C:Date: 25-Apr-1997 #sequence_revision 25-Apr-1997 #text_change 08-Oct-1999
C:Accession: S74483

R:Kaneko, T.; Sato, S.; Kotani, H.; Tanaka, A.; Asamizu, E.; Nakamura, Y.; Miyajima, N.;
Okumura, S.; Shimpo, S.; Takeuchi, C.; Wada, T.; Watanabe, A.; Yamada, M.; Yasuda
Res. 3, 109-136, 1996

Title: Sequence analysis of the genome of the unicellular cyanobacterium Synechocystis

A:Reference number: S74322; MUID:97061201

A:Accession: S74483

A:Status: nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-219 <KAN>

A:Cross-references: EMBL:D90899; GB:AB001339; NID:G1651650; PIDN:BAI16635.1; PID:dl01736
A:Note: the nucleotide sequence was submitted to the EMBL Data Library, June 1996

Query Match 42.2%; Score 49; DB 2; Length 219;
Best Local Similarity 52.9%; Pred. No. 9.4;

Matches 9; Conservative 1; Mismatches 5; Indels 2; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGQHWMSG 18
DB 193 HMLGDRP--HMSAQP 207

RESULT 15

RHID15

gonadoliberin I precursor - sharptooth catfish

N:Alternate names: gonadoliberin, catfish-type; gonadotropin-releasing hormone I (GnRH-I)

C:Contains: gonadoliberin I; gonadoliberin I-associated protein form I; gonadoliberin I

C:Species: Clarias gariepinus (sharptooth catfish)

Date: 30-Sep-1993 #sequence_revision 18-Mar-1997 #text_change 18-Jun-1999

Accession: S45602; S45601; JC1242; S42936; S42937

Eur. J. Biochem. 222, 541-549, 1994

Bogerd, J.; Zandbergen, T.; Andersson, E.; Goos, H.

Title: Isolation, characterization and expression of cDNAs encoding the catfish-type A

A:Reference number: S45600; MUID:94291651

A:Accession: S45602

A:Molecule type: mRNA

A:Residues: 1-80 <BOG3>

A:Cross-references: EMBL:X78049; NID:G459433; PIDN:CAA54971.1; PID:G459434

A:Note: gonadoliberin I-associated protein form I

A:Accession: S45601

A:Molecule type: mRNA

A:Residues: 1-46, S', 48-59, G', 61-80 <BOG2>

A:Cross-references: EMBL:X78048; NID:G459431; PIDN:CAA54970.1; PID:G459432

A:Note: gonadoliberin I-associated protein form II, presumed to be a polymorphic form

R:Bogerd, J.; Li, K.W.; Janssen-Dommerholt, C.; Goos, H.

Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 187, 127-134, 1992

Title: Two gonadotropin-releasing hormones from African catfish (Clarias gariepinus).

A:Reference number: JC1242; MUID:92392313

A:Accession: JC1242

A:Molecule type: Protein

A:Residues: 22-31 <BOG3>

A:Experimental source: brain

C:Superfamily: gonadoliberin
C:Keywords: amidated carboxyl end; hormone; hypothalamus; pyroglutamic acid
F:1-21/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
F:22-31/Product: gonadoliberin I #status experimental <MAT1>
F:35-80/Product: gonadoliberin I-associated protein #status predicted <MAT2>
F:22/Modified site: pyrrolidone carboxylic acid (Gln) (in mature form) #status experi
F:31/Modified site: amidated carboxyl end (Gly) (amide in mature form from following

Query Match 41.4%; Score 48; DB 1; Length 80;
Best Local Similarity 77.8%; Pred. No. 4.7;
Matches 7; Conservative 1; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
DB 23 HWSHGLNPG 31

Search completed: May 25, 2001, 15:33:08
Job time: 56 sec

GenCore version 4.5
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: May 25, 2001, 15:32:52 ; Search time 8.32 Seconds
(without alignments)
82.345 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-214-009-1

Perfect score: 116
Sequence: 1 XHMSYGLRPGQHWGLRPGX 20

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 93435 seqs, 34255486 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 93435

Num DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 08
Maximum Match 1008
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : SwissProt_39:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	DB ID	Description
1	58	50.0	61	1	GONI_SHEEP
2	58	50.0	63	1	GONI_MESAU
3	58	50.0	67	1	GONI_MACNU
4	58	50.0	89	1	GONI_XENIA
5	58	50.0	90	1	GONI_MOUSE
6	58	50.0	91	1	GONI_PIG
7	58	50.0	92	1	GONI_HUMAN
8	58	50.0	92	1	GONI_RAT
9	58	50.0	92	1	GONI_TURB
10	54	46.6	10	1	GONI_ALMT
11	54	46.6	92	1	GONI_CHICK
12	54	46.6	364	1	Y9E8_PSEAE
13	52.5	45.3	120	1	MFA4_YEAST
14	52.5	44.8	94	1	GONI_HAPBU
15	52	44.8	95	1	GONI_PAGMA
16	52	44.8	95	1	GONI_SPAU
17	50	43.1	477	1	GUNA_CLOTW
18	49	42.2	92	1	GONI_CAVBO
19	48	41.4	80	1	GONI_CLAGA
20	47.5	40.9	144	1	MFA3_SACBA
21	47.5	40.9	165	1	MFA3_YEAST
22	47.5	40.9	186	1	MFA3_SACTT
23	47	40.5	273	1	Y4UE_RHISN
24	47	40.5	551	1	Y4BN_ECOLI
25	46.5	40.1	377	1	CAH2_CHLRE
26	45.5	39.2	259	1	CAH2_BOVIN
27	45	38.8	10	1	GON3_ONCKE
28	45	38.8	74	1	GON3_ONCMY
29	45	38.8	74	1	GON3_ONCTS
30	45	38.8	82	1	GON3_ONCMA
31	45	38.8	82	1	GON3_SALSA
32	45	38.8	82	1	GON3_SALTR
33	45	38.8	89	1	GON3_PORNO

34	45	38.8	90	1	GON3_HAPBU	P45652 haplochromi
35	45	38.8	90	1	GON3_PAGMA	P51921 pagrus majo
36	45	38.8	90	1	GON3_SPAU	P51923 sparus aura
37	45	38.8	94	1	GON3_CARAU	P51917 carassius a
38	45	38.8	94	1	GON3_RUTRU	Q92106 rutillus rut
39	45	38.8	215	1	ST13_MOUSE	Q60924 mus musculu
40	45	38.8	248	1	CORR_RHOER	Q51339 rhodococcus
41	45	38.8	584	1	GUND_CLOCE	P25472 clostridium
42	44.5	38.4	259	1	CAH2_HUMAN	P00918 homo sapien
43	44.5	38.4	259	1	CAH2_RABIT	P00919 oryctolagus
44	44.5	38.4	372	1	MNSB_MOUSE	P22726 mus musculu
45	44	37.9	220	1	YPY1_ECTHA	P42515 ectothorho

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT	1	STANDARD	PRT	61 AA.
CONI_SHEEP				
ID	CONI_SHEEP			
AC	Q28588:			
DT	15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Created)			
DT	15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last sequence update)			
DT	30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)			
DE	PROGONADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR [CONTAINS: GONADOLIBERIN I (LHRH I) (LUTEINIZING HORMONE-RELEASING HORMONE I) (GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING HORMONE I) (GNRH I) (LULIBERIN I); GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I] (FRAGMENT).			
DE	GNRH I OR GNRH OR LHRH.			
OS	Ovis aries (Sheep).			
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Cetartiodactyla; Ruminantia; Pecora; Bovidae; Bovidae; Caprinae; Ovis.			
OX	NCBI_TaxID=9940;			
RN	[1]			
RP	SEQUENCE OF 12-61 FROM N.A.			
RC	STRAIN-WESTERN RANGE, TISSUE-Hypothalamus;			
RA	Rodriguez R.E., Wise M.E.,			
RL	Submitted (OCT-1993) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.			
RN	[2]			
RP	SEQUENCE OF 1-10.			
RC	MEDLINE=72094314; Pubmed=4550508;			
RA	Burgess R., Butcher M., Amoss M., Ling N., Monahan M., Rivler J.,			
RT	Fellows R., Blackwell R., Vale W., Gullerlin R.,			
RT	"Primary structure of the ovine hypothalamic luteinizing hormone-releasing factor (LRF) (LH-hypothalamus-LRF-gas chromatography-mass spectrometry-decapeptide-Edman degradation)." ;			
RT	Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 69:278-282(1972).			
RL	-1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS; IT STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF BOTH LUTEINIZING AND FOLLICLE-STIMULATING HORMONES.			
CC	-1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.			
CC	-----			
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CC	-----			
CC	EMBL: U02517; AAA03433.1; -			
DR	PIR: A93780; RSHSG.			
DR	InterPro: IPR002012; -			
DR	Pfam: PF00446; GNRH.1.			
DR	PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH.1.			
CC	Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amdation; Hypothalamus; Placenta.			
KW	NON_TER			1
FT	CHAIN			>61
FT	PEPTIDE			10
FT	PEPTIDE			14
FT	ACT_SITE			3
FT				>61
FT				3
FT				APPEARS TO BE ESSENTIAL FOR BIOLOGICAL

FT MOD_RES 1 1 ACTIVITY.
FT MOD_RES 10 10 PYROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID.
FT NON_TER 61 61 AMIDATION (G-11 PROVIDE AMIDE GROUP).
SQ SEQUENCE 61 AA: 6828 MW: 63962A1AE3198BF0 CRC64;

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 61;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.043;
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
DB 2 HWSYGLRPG 10

RESULT 2
GONL_MESAU STANDARD; PRT; 63 AA.
GONL_MESAU 009163;

DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Created)
DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last sequence update)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)
DE PROGNADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR (CONTAINS: GONADOLIBERIN I (LHRH I)
DE (LUTEINIZING HORMONE RELEASING HORMONE I) (GONADOTROPIN RELEASING
DE HORMONE I) (GNRH I) (LULIBERIN I); GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I]
DE (FRAGMENT).
GN GNRH1 OR GNRH OR LHRH.
OS Mesocricetus auratus (Golden hamster).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Cricetinae;
OC Mesocricetus.
NCBI_Taxid=10036;
RN [1]
RA SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RP Jansen H.T., Stevens P.J., Zeitler P., Lehman M.N.;
RU Submitted (MAR-1997) to the EMBL/Genbank/DBJ databases.
CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS; IT STIMULATES
CC THE SECRETION OF BOTH LUTEINIZING AND FOLLICLE-STIMULATING
CC HORMONES.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.
CC -----
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CC or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch).
CC -----
CC EMBL: U91938; AAB51302.1; -
CC InterPro: IPR002012; -
CC Pfam: PF00446; GNRH; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH; 1.
KW Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus;
KW Placenta.
FT NON_TER 1 1
FT CHAIN 1 >63 PROGNADOLIBERIN I.
FT PEPTIDE 1 10 GONADOLIBERIN I.
FT PEPTIDE 14 >63 GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I (BY
FT ACT_SITE 3 3 SIMILARITY).
FT MOD_RES 1 1 APPEARS TO BE ESSENTIAL FOR BIOLOGICAL
FT MOD_RES 1 1 ACTIVITY (BY SIMILARITY).
FT MOD_RES 10 10 PYROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID (BY
FT MOD_RES 10 10 SIMILARITY).
FT NON_TER 63 63 AMIDATION (G-11 PROVIDE AMIDE GROUP) (BY
FT SEQUENCE 63 AA: 7370 MW: FC9495676F77180 CRC64;

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 63;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.044;

Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
DB 2 HWSYGLRPG 10

RESULT 3
GONL_MACMU STANDARD; PRT; 67 AA.
GONL_MACMU ID P55247;

DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Created)
DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Last sequence update)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)
DE PROGNADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR (CONTAINS: GONADOLIBERIN I (LHRH I)
DE (LUTEINIZING HORMONE RELEASING HORMONE I) (GONADOTROPIN RELEASING
DE HORMONE I) (GNRH I) (LULIBERIN I); GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I]
DE (FRAGMENT).
GN GNRH1 OR GNRH OR LHRH.
OS Macaca mulatta (Rhesus macaque).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Cercopithecoidea;
OC Cercopithecinae; Macaca.
NCBI_Taxid=9544;
RN [1]
RA SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RP TISSUE-Hypothalamus;
RC MEDLINE=95124501; PubMed=7545971;
RX Ma Y.J., Costa M.E., Oyeda S.R.;
RT "Developmental expression of the genes encoding transforming growth
RT factor alpha and its receptor in the hypothalamus of female rhesus
RT macaques.";
RL Neuroendocrinology 60:346-359(1994).
CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS; IT STIMULATES
CC THE SECRETION OF BOTH LUTEINIZING AND FOLLICLE-STIMULATING
CC HORMONES.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.
CC -----
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CC or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch).
CC -----
CC EMBL: S75918; AAB33096.1; -
CC InterPro: IPR002012; -
CC Pfam: PF00446; GNRH; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH; 1.
KW Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus;
KW Signal.
FT NON_TER 1 1
FT SIGNAL <1 5
FT CHAIN 6 >67 PROGNADOLIBERIN I.
FT PEPTIDE 6 15 GONADOLIBERIN I.
FT PEPTIDE 19 >67 GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I.
FT ACT_SITE 8 8 APPEARS TO BE ESSENTIAL FOR BIOLOGICAL
FT MOD_RES 6 6 ACTIVITY (BY SIMILARITY).
FT MOD_RES 15 15 PYROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID (BY
FT MOD_RES 15 15 SIMILARITY).
FT NON_TER 67 67 AMIDATION (G-16 PROVIDE AMIDE GROUP) (BY
FT SEQUENCE 67 AA: 7573 MW: 505394DAA261A3F2 CRC64;

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 67;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.047;
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
DB 2 HWSYGLRPG 10

Db 7 HWSYGLRPG 15

RESULT 4
GONL_XENLA STANDARD; PRT: 89 AA.

AC P45656;
DT 01-NOV-1995 (Rel. 32, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1995 (Rel. 32, Last sequence update)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)
DE GONADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR (GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING HORMONE I) (GNRH-I)
DE (LH-RH) (LULIBERIN I).
OS Xenopus laevis (African clawed frog).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Amphibia; Batrachia; Anura; Mesobatrachia; Pipidoidea; Pipidae;
OC Xenopodidae; Xenopus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=8355;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Forebrain;
RX MEDLINE=94185563; Pubmed=8137750;
HAYES W.P., Wray S., Batley J.F.;
"The frog gonadotropin-releasing hormone-I (GNRH-I) gene has a mammalian-like expression pattern and conserved domains in GNRH-associated peptide, but brain onset is delayed until metamorphosis.";
RL Endocrinology 134:1835-1844(1994).
CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.
CC -----
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CC -----
CC EMBL: L28040; AAA49728.1; -;
DR InterPro: IPR002012; -;
DR Pfam: PF00446; GNRH; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH; 1.
KW Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus;
KM Signal.
FT SIGNAL 1 23
FT CHAIN 24 89 PROGONADOLIBERIN I.
FT PEPTIDE 24 33 GONADOLIBERIN I.
FT CHAIN 37 89 GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING HORMONE ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE.
FT MOD_RES 37 85 GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I (GAP).
FT MOD_RES 24 24 PYRROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 33 33 AMIDATION (G-34 PROVIDE AMIDE GROUP).
SQ SEQUENCE 89 AA: 10246 MW: 6FAF36FBAEDD4284 CRC64;

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 89;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.061;
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
DB 25 HWSYGLRPG 33

RESULT 5
GONL_MOUSE STANDARD; PRT: 90 AA.

AC P13562;
DT 01-JAN-1990 (Rel. 13, Created)
DT 01-JAN-1990 (Rel. 13, Last sequence update)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)
DE PROGONADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR (CONTAINS: GONADOLIBERIN I (LHRH I) (LUTEINIZING HORMONE RELEASING HORMONE I) (GONADOTROPIN RELEASING

DE HORMONE I) (GNRH I) (LULIBERIN I); PROLACTIN RELEASE-INHIBITING FACTOR
DE I).
GN GNRH1 OR GNRH.
OS Mus musculus (Mouse).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=10090;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=87069928; Pubmed=3024317;
RA Mason A.J., Haylick J.S., Zoeller R.T., Young W.S. III,
RA Phillips H.S., Nikolics K., Seeburg P.H.;
"A deletion truncating the gonadotropin-releasing hormone gene is responsible for hypogonadism in the hpg mouse.";
RL Science 234:1366-1371(1986).
CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS; IT STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF BOTH LUTEINIZING AND FOLLICLE-STIMULATING HORMONES.
CC -----
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.
CC -----
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CC -----
CC EMBL: M14872; AAA37717.1; -;
DR MGD: MGI:95769; Gnrh.
DR InterPro: IPR002012; -;
DR Pfam: PF00446; GNRH; 1.
DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH; 1.
KW Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus;
KM Placenta; Signal.
FT SIGNAL 1 21
FT CHAIN 22 90 PROGONADOLIBERIN I.
FT PEPTIDE 22 31 GONADOLIBERIN I.
FT PEPTIDE 35 90 PROLACTIN RELEASE-INHIBITING FACTOR I.
FT ACT_SITE 24 24 APPEARS TO BE ESSENTIAL FOR BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY.
FT MOD_RES 22 22 PYRROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 31 31 AMIDATION (G-32 PROVIDE AMIDE GROUP).
SQ SEQUENCE 90 AA: 10337 MW: 1C0766FPA4826EAD9 CRC64;

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 90;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.062;
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
DB 23 HWSYGLRPG 31

RESULT 6
GONL_PIG STANDARD; PRT: 91 AA.

AC P49921;
DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Created)
DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Last sequence update)
DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)
DE PROGONADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR (CONTAINS: GONADOLIBERIN I (LHRH I) (LUTEINIZING HORMONE RELEASING HORMONE I) (GONADOTROPIN RELEASING HORMONE I) (LULIBERIN I); GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I).
GN GNRH1 OR GNRH.
OS Sus scrofa (Pig).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Cetartiodactyla; Suina; Suidae; Sus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=9823;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Hypothalamus;

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RA Meesner G.D., Matteri R.L., Becker B.A.;
RN Submitted (MAY-1994) to the EMBL/Genbank/DBJ databases.
[2]
RP SEQUENCE OF 24-33.
RX MEDLINE=72114303; Pubmed=4946067;
RA Baba Y., Matsuo H., Schally A.V.;
RT "Structure of the porcine LH- and FSH-releasing hormone. II.
RT Confirmation of the proposed structure by conventional sequential
RT analyses";
RL Blochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 44:455-463(1971).
[3]
RP SYNTHESIS OF GONADOLIBERIN.
RX Matsuo H.; Arimura A., Nair R.M.G., Schally A.V.;
RT "Synthesis of the porcine LH- and FSH-releasing hormone by the solid-
RT phase method.";
RL Blochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 45:822-827(1971).
[4]
RP SYNTHESIS OF GONADOLIBERIN.
RX MEDLINE=72117544; Pubmed=4946275;
RA Baba Y., Arimura A., Schally A.V.;
RT "On the tryptophan residue in porcine LH and FSH-releasing hormone.";
RL Blochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 45:483-487(1971).
-1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS; IT STIMULATES
THE SECRETION OF BOTH LUTEINIZING AND FOLLICLE-STIMULATING
HORMONES.
-----
-1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GnRH FAMILY.
-----
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CC
CC EMBL; L32864; AAA31066.1; -.
CC
DR DR PIR: A01411; RHPG
DR InterPro: IPR002012; -.
DR Pfam; PF00446; GnRH; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00473; GnRH; 1.
KW Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus;
KW Placenta; Signal.
FT SIGNAL 1 23
FT CHAIN 24 91 PROGONADOLIBERIN I.
FT PEPTIDE 24 33 GnRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I.
FT ACT_SITE 34 91 APPEARS TO BE ESSENTIAL FOR BIOLOGICAL
ACTIVITY.
FT MOD_RES 24 24 PYROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID.
FT MOD_RES 33 33 AMIDATION (G-34 PROVIDE AMIDE GROUP).
SQ SEQUENCE 91 AA; 10090 MW; 8340474F32DDAA99 CRC64;

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 91;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.063;
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
DB 25 HWSYGLRPG 33

RESULT 7
GONI_HUMAN
ID GONI_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT; 92 AA.
AC P01146;
DT 21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Created)
DT 01-APR-1988 (Rel. 07, Last sequence update)
DT 01-OCT-2000 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
DE PROGONADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR [CONTAINS: GONADOLIBERIN I (LHRH I)
DE (LUTEINIZING HORMONE-RELEASING HORMONE I) (GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING
DE HORMONE I) (GNRH I) (LH-LIBERIN I) (GONADORELIN)] ; GnRH-ASSOCIATED

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	GN	RHRL OR GNRH OR LHRR.	PEPTIDE I].
OS	OC	Homo sapiens (Human).	
OC	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;		
OX	Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominiidae; Homo.		
XN	NCBI_TaxID=9606;		
RP	[1]		
RA	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.		
RX	MEDLINE=89366682; PubMed=2671939;		
RT	Hayflick J.S., Adelman J.P.; Seeburg P.H.;		
RL	"The complete nucleotide sequence of the human gonadotropin-releasing hormone gene.";		
RN	Nucleic Acids Res. 17:6403-6403(1989).		
RP	[2]		
RA	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.		
RX	MEDLINE=86094338; PubMed=2867548;		
RT	Adelman J.P., Mason A.D., Hayflick J.S., Seeburg P.H.;		
RL	"Isolation of the cDNA and hypothalamic cDNA for the common precursor of gonadotropin-releasing hormone and prolactin release-inhibiting factor in human and rat.";		
RN	Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 83:179-183(1986).		
RP	[3]		
RA	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.		
RX	MEDLINE=85012739; PubMed=6090951;		
RT	Seeburg P.H., Adelman J.P.;		
RL	"Characterization of cDNA for precursor of human luteinizing hormone releasing hormone.";		
RN	Nature 311:666-668(1984).		
RP	[4]		
RA	SEQUENCE OF 24-33.		
RX	MEDLINE=83126573; PubMed=6760865;		
RT	Tan L., Kousseau P.;		
RL	"The chemical identity of the immunoreactive LH-RH-like peptide biosynthesized in the human placenta."		
RN	Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 109:1061-1071(1982).		
CC	-I- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS; IT STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF BOTH LUTEINIZING AND FOLLICLE-STIMULATING HORMONES.		
CC	-I- PHARMACEUTICAL: AVAILABLE UNDER THE NAMES FACTREL (AYERST LABS), LOTREPULE OR LOTRELF (FERRING PHARMACEUTICALS) AND RELISORM (SERONO).		
CC	-I SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.		
CC	-----		
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CC	-----		
DR	EMBL; X01059; CAA25526.1; -		
DR	EMBL; M12578; AAA35816.1; -		
DR	EMBL; X15215; CAA33285.1; -		
DR	PIR; A01410; RHHUG.		
DR	PIR; A26173; A26173.		
DR	PIR; S05308; S05308.		
DR	MIW; 152760; -		
DR	InterPro; IPRO02012; -		
DR	Pfam; PF00446; Gnrh; 1.		
DR	PROSITE; PS00473; GNRH; 1.		
KW	Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus; Placenta; Pharmaceutical; Signal.		
FT	SIGNAL	1	23
FT	CHAIN	24	92
FT	PEPTIDE	24	33
FT	PEPTIDE	37	92
FT	ACT_SITE	26	26
FT	MOD_RES	24	24
FT	MOD_RES	33	33
FT	CONFLICT	16	16
QO	SEQUENCE	92 AA; 10380 MW; 30472221B076FAV9 CnC64; W -> S (IN REF. 3).	

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 1; Length 92;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.063;

Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10

DB 25 HWSYGLRPG 33

RESULT 8

CONL_RAT STANDARD: PRT: 92 AA.

AC P07490:

DT 01-APR-1988 (Rel. 07, Created)

DT 01-APR-1988 (Rel. 07, Last sequence update)

DT 01-OCT-2000 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)

DE PROGNADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR [CONTAINS: GONADOLIBERIN I (LHRH I)

(LUTEINIZING HORMONE RELEASING HORMONE I) (GONADOTROPIN RELEASING

HORMONE I) (GNRH I) (LULIBERIN I); PROLACTIN RELEASE-INHIBITING FACTOR

I).

GNRH1 OR GNRH.

Rattus norvegicus (Rat).

Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;

Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.

NCBI_TaxID=10116;

SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

MEDLINE=86094338; PubMed=2867548;

RA Adelman J.P., Mason A.J., Hayflick J.S., Seeburg P.H.;

"Isolation of the gene and hypothalamic cDNA for the common precursor

of gonadotropin-releasing hormone and prolactin release-inhibiting

factor in human and rat."

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 83:179-183(1986).

SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

MEDLINE=89384661; PubMed=2476669;

RA Bond C.T., Hayflick J.S., Seeburg P.H., Adelman J.P.;

"The rat gonadotropin-releasing hormone: SH locus: structure and

hypothalamic expression."

Mol. Endocrinol. 3:1257-1262(1989).

SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

TISSUE=Thymus;

MEDLINE=93105480; PubMed=1468115;

RA Maler C.C., Marchetti B., Leboeuf R.D., Blalock J.E.;

"Thymocytes express a mRNA that is identical to hypothalamic

luteinizing hormone-releasing hormone mRNA."

Cell. Mol. Neurobiol. 12:447-454(1992).

SEQUENCE OF 1-47 FROM N.A.

TISSUE=Heart;

MEDLINE=87149087; PubMed=3547652;

RA Adelman J.P., Bond C.T., Douglass J., Herbert E.;

"Two mammalian genes transcribed from opposite strands of the same

DNA locus."

Science 235:1514-1517(1987).

FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS; IT STIMULATES

THE SECRETION OF BOTH LUTEINIZING AND FOLLICLE-STIMULATING

HORMONES.

TISSUE SPECIFICITY: CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM.

-1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.

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EMBL: S50870; AAB24572.1; -

DR EMBL: M12579; AAA41263.1; -

DR EMBL: M31670; AAA41264.1; -

DR EMBL: M15527; AAA42141.1; ALT_SEQ.

DR EMBL: M15529; AAA42139.1; -

DR EMBL: M15528; -; NOT_ANNOTATED_CDS.

DR PIR: B26173; RHRTG.

DR PIR: A48410; A48410.

DR InterPro: IPR002012; -

DR Pfam: PF00446; GNRH; 1.

DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH; 1.

KW Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus;

FT SIGNAL 1 23

FT CHAIN 24 92

FT PEPTIDE 24 33

FT ACT_SITE 37 92

FT ACT_SITE 26 26

FT MOD_RES 24 24

FT MOD_RES 33 33

FT SEQUENCE 92 AA; 10500 MW; 494B5C64DA8A3EB3 CRC64;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10

DB 25 HWSYGLRPG 33

RESULT 9

CONL_TUPGB STANDARD: PRT: 92 AA.

AC Q95335;

DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Created)

DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last sequence update)

DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)

DE PROGNADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR [CONTAINS: GONADOLIBERIN I (LHRH I)

(LUTEINIZING HORMONE RELEASING HORMONE I) (GONADOTROPIN RELEASING

HORMONE I) (GNRH I) (LULIBERIN I); GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I).

GNRH1 OR GNRH.

Tupaia glis belangeri (Common tree shrew).

Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;

Mammalia; Eutheria; Scandentia; Tupaiidae; Tupai.

NCBI_TaxID=9396;

SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

TISSUE=Hypothalamus;

MEDLINE=97079639; PubMed=8921350;

RA Kaestlen T.L., White S.A., Norton T.T., Bond C.T., Adelman J.P.;

"Characterization of two new preproGNRH mRNAs in the tree shrew:

first direct evidence for mesencephalic GNRH gene expression in a

placental mammal."

Gen. Comp. Endocrinol. 104:7-19(1996).

FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS; IT STIMULATES

THE SECRETION OF BOTH LUTEINIZING AND FOLLICLE-STIMULATING

HORMONES.

TISSUE SPECIFICITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.

-1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.

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or send an email to license@isb-sib.ch).

EMBL: U63326; AAB16837.1; -

InterPro: IPR002012; -

Pfam: PF00446; GNRH; 1.

DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH: 1.
 KW Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus;
 FT SIGNAL 1 23 BY SIMILARITY.
 FT CHAIN 24 92 PROGNADOLIBERIN I.
 FT PEPTIDE 24 33 GONADOLIBERIN I.
 FT PEPTIDE 37 92 GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I.
 FT ACT_SITE 26 26 APPEARS TO BE ESSENTIAL FOR BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY.
 FT MOD_RES 24 24 PYRROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID (BY SIMILARITY).
 FT MOD_RES 33 33 AMIDATION (G-34 PROVIDE AMIDE GROUP) (BY SIMILARITY).
 FT SEQUENCE 92 AA: 10197 MW: 4FDBF2C58CF5F63B CRC64;
 Query Match 50.0%; Score 56; DB 1; Length 92;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.063;
 Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 Db 25 HWSYGLRPG 33
 RESULT 10
 GONL_ALMT STANDARD: PRT: 10 AA.
 AC P37041: P20407; (Rel. 17, Created)
 DT 01-FEB-1991 (Rel. 17, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-FEB-1991 (Rel. 17, Last annotation update)
 DE 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last annotation update)
 DE GONADOLIBERIN I (GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING HORMONE I) (GNRH-I) (LH-RH I) (LULIBERIN I).
 OS Alligator mississippiensis (American alligator).
 CC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Archosauria; Crocodylia; Alligatorinae; Alligator.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=8496;
 RN [1]
 RP TISSUE=Brain;
 RC MEDLINE=91352338; PubMed=1882082;
 RX Lavejoy D.A., Fischer W.H., Parker D.B., McRoy J.E., Park M., Lovejoy D.A., Swanson P., Rivier J.E., Sherwood N.M.; "Primary structure of two forms of gonadotropin-releasing hormone from brains of the American alligator (Alligator mississippiensis)."; Regul. Pept. 33:105-116(1991).
 CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS.
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.
 CC PIR: A60066; RHA01.
 DR InterPro: IPR002012; -
 DR Pfam: PF00446; GNRH: 1.
 DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH: 1.
 KW Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus.
 FT MOD_RES 1 1 PYRROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID.
 FT MOD_RES 10 10 AMIDATION.
 FT SEQUENCE 10 AA: 1172 MW: 284B23D7286B45A3 CRC64;
 Query Match 46.6%; Score 54; DB 1; Length 10;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 0.028;
 Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 Db 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 RESULT 11
 GONL_CHICK STANDARD: PRT: 92 AA.
 AC P37042: P20407; (Rel. 17, Created)

DT 01-JUN-1994 (Rel. 29, Last sequence update)
 DT 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)
 DE PROGNADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR (CONTAINS: GONADOLIBERIN I (LHRH I) (LUTEINIZING HORMONE RELEASING HORMONE I) (GONADOTROPIN RELEASING HORMONE I) (GNRH I) (LULIBERIN I); GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I).
 DE Gallus gallus (Chicken).
 OS Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Archosauria; Aves; Neognathae; Galliformes; Phasianidae; Phasianinae; Gallus.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=9031;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=WHITE LEGHORN;
 RX MEDLINE=94059355; PubMed=7902095;
 RA Dunn I.C., Chen Y., Hook C., Sharp P.J., Sang H.M.; "Characterization of the chicken preprogonadotropin-releasing hormone-I gene."; J. Mol. Endocrinol. 11:19-29(1993).
 RN [2]
 RP SEQUENCE OF 24-33.
 RC TISSUE=Hypothalamus;
 RX MEDLINE=82265778; PubMed=7050119;
 RA King J.A., Millar R.P.; "Structure of chicken hypothalamic luteinizing hormone-releasing hormone. II. Isolation and characterization."; J. Biol. Chem. 257:10729-10732(1982).
 RN [3]
 RP SEQUENCE OF 24-33.
 RC TISSUE=Hypothalamus;
 RA King J.A., Millar R.P.; "Structure of avian hypothalamic gonadotropin-releasing hormone."; S. Afr. J. Sci. 78:124-125(1982).
 RN [4]
 RP SYNTHESIS OF 24-33.
 RX MEDLINE=82265777; PubMed=7050118;
 RA King J.A., Millar R.P.; "Structure of chicken hypothalamic luteinizing hormone-releasing hormone. I. Structural determination on partially purified material."; J. Biol. Chem. 257:10722-10728(1982).
 CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS.
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.
 CC -----
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 CC -----
 CC EMBL: X69491; CAA9246.1; -
 DR PIR: S33507; S33507.
 DR InterPro: IPR002012; -
 DR Pfam: PF00446; GNRH: 1.
 DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH: 1.
 KW Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus; Signal.
 FT SIGNAL 1 23 PROGNADOLIBERIN I.
 FT CHAIN 24 92 GONADOLIBERIN I.
 FT PEPTIDE 24 33 GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I.
 FT PEPTIDE 37 92 PYRROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID.
 FT MOD_RES 24 24 AMIDATION (G-34 PROVIDE AMIDE GROUP).
 FT MOD_RES 33 33
 FT SEQUENCE 92 AA: 10206 MW: 61AB7EBAF508B6A CRC64;
 Query Match 46.6%; Score 54; DB 1; Length 92;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 0.23;
 Matches 8; Conservative 1; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 Db 2 HWSYGLRPG 10

Db 25 HWSYGLPG 33

RESULT 12

Y988_PSEAE STANDARD; PRT: 364 AA.

ID Y988_PSEAE Q51527; Q9HVN1;

AC P3642; Q51527; Q9HVN1;

DT 01-FEB-1994 (Rel. 28, Created)

DT 01-OCT-2000 (Rel. 40, Last sequence update)

DT 01-OCT-2000 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)

DE PROBABLE D-AMINO ACID OXIDASE PA4548.

GN PA348.

OS Pseudomonas aeruginosa.

OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; gamma subdivision; Pseudomonadaceae;

OC Pseudomonas.

NCBI_TaxID=287;

[1]

SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC STRAIN-ATCC 15692 / PAOI;

RX MEDLINE=96272255; PubMed=8682785;

RA Alm R.A., Mattick J.S.;

RA "Identification of two genes with prepilin-like leader sequences

involved in type 4 fimbrial biogenesis in Pseudomonas aeruginosa.";

J. Bacteriol. 178:3809-3817(1996).

[2]

SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC STRAIN-PAOI;

RX MEDLINE=20437337; PubMed=10984043;

RA Stover C.K., Pham X.-Q.T., Erwin A.L., Mizoguchi S.D., Warren P.,

RA Hickey M.J., Brinkman F.S.L., Hufnagle W.O., Kowalik D.J., Lagrou M.,

RA Garber R.L., Goltry L., Tolentino E., Westbrook-Wadman S., Yuan Y.,

RA Brody L.L., Coulter S.N., Folger K.R., Kas A., Labis R.M.,

RA Smith K.A., Spencer D.H., Wong G.K.-S., Wu Z., Paulsen I.T.,

RA Reizer J., Salter M.H., Hancock R.E.W., Lory S., Olson M.V.;

RA "Complete genome sequence of Pseudomonas aeruginosa PAOI, an

opportunistic pathogen.";

Nature 406:959-964(2000).

[3]

SEQUENCE OF 193-364 FROM N.A.

RC STRAIN-ATCC 15692 / PAOI;

RX MEDLINE=93225810; PubMed=8097014;

RA Hobbs M., Collie E.S.R., Free P.D., Livingston S.P., Mattick J.S.;

RA "Pils and PilR, a two-component transcriptional regulatory system

controlling expression of type 4 fimbriae in Pseudomonas

aeruginosa.";

Mol. Microbiol. 7:669-682(1993).

[4]

Mol. Microbiol. 7:669-682(1993).

[5]

Mol. Microbiol. 7:669-682(1993).

[6]

Mol. Microbiol. 7:669-682(1993).

[7]

Mol. Microbiol. 7:669-682(1993).

[8]

Mol. Microbiol. 7:669-682(1993).

[9]

[10]

[11]

[12]

Query Match 46.6%; Score 54; DB 1; Length 364;
 Best Local Similarity 61.5%; Pred. No. 0.88;
 Matches 8; Conservative 3; Mismatches 2; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 7 LRPGHWSGLRPG 19
 DB 292 MOPVAHWAGLRPG 304

RESULT 13

MEFA4_YEAST

ID MEFA4_YEAST

AC P32435;

DT 01-OCT-1993 (Rel. 27, Created)

DT 01-OCT-1993 (Rel. 27, Last sequence update)

DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last annotation update)

DE MATING FACTOR ALPHA-2 PRECURSOR (ALPHA-2 MATING PHEROMONE) [CONTAINS:

DE MATING FACTOR ALPHA-2]

GN MEFA2 OR MF-ALPHA-2 OR YGL089C.

OS Saccharomyces cerevisiae (Baker's Yeast).

OC Eukaryota; Fungi; Ascomycota; Saccharomycotina; Saccharomycetes;

OC Saccharomycetales; Saccharomycetaceae; Saccharomycetes.

NCBI_TaxID=4932;

[1]

SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RX MEDLINE=83246532; PubMed=6306574;

RA Singh A., Chen E.Y., Lugovoy J.M., Chang C.N., Hitzeman R.A.,

RA Seeburg P.H.;

RA "Saccharomyces cerevisiae contains two discrete genes coding for the

alpha-factor pheromone.";

Nucleic Acids Res. 11:4049-4063(1983).

[2]

SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC STRAIN-S288C;

RX MEDLINE=97435481; PubMed=9290212;

RA Rieger M., Brueckner M., Schaefer M., Mueller-Auer S.;

RA "Sequence analysis of 203 kilobases from Saccharomyces cerevisiae

chromosome VII.";

Yeast 13:1077-1090(1997).

[3]

SEQUENCE OF THE ACTIVE FACTOR.

RA Stoetzel D., Kiltz H.-H., Duntze W.;

RA "Primary structure of alpha-factor peptides from Saccharomyces

cerevisiae.";

Eur. J. Biochem. 69:397-400(1976).

[4]

SEQUENCE OF THE ACTIVE FACTOR.

RX MEDLINE=78087498; PubMed=340452;

RA Tanaka T., Kita H., Murakami T., Narita K.;

RA "Purification and amino acid sequence of mating factor from

Saccharomyces cerevisiae.";

J. Biochem. 82:1681-1687(1977).

[5]

FUNCTION: THE ACTIVE FACTOR IS EXPRESSED INTO THE CULTURE MEDIUM BY

HAPLOID CELLS OF THE ALPHA MATING TYPE AND ACTS ON CELLS OF THE

OPPOSITE MATING TYPE (TYPE A). IT MEDIATES THE CONUGATION PROCESS

BETWEEN THE TWO TYPES BY INHIBITING THE INITIATION OF DNA

SYNTHESIS IN TYPE A CELLS AND SYNCHRONIZING THEM WITH TYPE ALPHA.

[6]

[7]

[8]

[9]

OY 7 LRPGHWSGLRPG 19
 DB 292 MOPVAHWAGLRPG 304

RESULT 13

MEFA4_YEAST

ID MEFA4_YEAST

AC P32435;

DT 01-OCT-1993 (Rel. 27, Created)

DT 01-OCT-1993 (Rel. 27, Last sequence update)

DT 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last annotation update)

DE MATING FACTOR ALPHA-2 PRECURSOR (ALPHA-2 MATING PHEROMONE) [CONTAINS:

DE MATING FACTOR ALPHA-2]

GN MEFA2 OR MF-ALPHA-2 OR YGL089C.

OS Saccharomyces cerevisiae (Baker's Yeast).

OC Eukaryota; Fungi; Ascomycota; Saccharomycotina; Saccharomycetes;

OC Saccharomycetales; Saccharomycetaceae; Saccharomycetes.

NCBI_TaxID=4932;

[1]

SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RX MEDLINE=83246532; PubMed=6306574;

RA Singh A., Chen E.Y., Lugovoy J.M., Chang C.N., Hitzeman R.A.,

RA Seeburg P.H.;

RA "Saccharomyces cerevisiae contains two discrete genes coding for the

alpha-factor pheromone.";

Nucleic Acids Res. 11:4049-4063(1983).

[2]

SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC STRAIN-S288C;

RX MEDLINE=97435481; PubMed=9290212;

RA Rieger M., Brueckner M., Schaefer M., Mueller-Auer S.;

RA "Sequence analysis of 203 kilobases from Saccharomyces cerevisiae

chromosome VII.";

Yeast 13:1077-1090(1997).

[3]

SEQUENCE OF THE ACTIVE FACTOR.

RA Stoetzel D., Kiltz H.-H., Duntze W.;

RA "Primary structure of alpha-factor peptides from Saccharomyces

cerevisiae.";

Eur. J. Biochem. 69:397-400(1976).

[4]

SEQUENCE OF THE ACTIVE FACTOR.

RX MEDLINE=78087498; PubMed=340452;

RA Tanaka T., Kita H., Murakami T., Narita K.;

RA "Purification and amino acid sequence of mating factor from

Saccharomyces cerevisiae.";

J. Biochem. 82:1681-1687(1977).

[5]

FUNCTION: THE ACTIVE FACTOR IS EXPRESSED INTO THE CULTURE MEDIUM BY

HAPLOID CELLS OF THE ALPHA MATING TYPE AND ACTS ON CELLS OF THE

OPPOSITE MATING TYPE (TYPE A). IT MEDIATES THE CONUGATION PROCESS

BETWEEN THE TWO TYPES BY INHIBITING THE INITIATION OF DNA

SYNTHESIS IN TYPE A CELLS AND SYNCHRONIZING THEM WITH TYPE ALPHA.

[6]

[7]

[8]

[9]

FT SIGNAL 1 ? POTENTIAL.
 FT CHAIN 2 120 ALPHA-2 MATING PHEROMONE.
 FT PEPTIDE 87 99 MATING FACTOR ALPHA (1ST COPY).
 FT PEPTIDE 108 120 MATING FACTOR ALPHA (2ND COPY).
 SO SEQUENCE 120 AA; 13271 MW; 10BF3FDB985FBB2D CRC64;

Query Match 45.3%; Score 52.5; DB 1; Length 120;
 Best Local Similarity 40.0%; Pred. No. 0.5;
 Matches 12; Conservative 1; Mismatches 4; Indels 13; Gaps 2;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPGQ-----HWSGLRPG 19
 ||||| |||||
 DB 88 HW-LNLRPGQPMYKREANADAMHWLQKRG 116

RESULT 14
 HAPBU STANDARD; PRT: 94 AA.
 GONI_HAPBU
 P51918; 093387;
 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Created)
 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last sequence update)
 30-MAY-2000 (Rel. 39, Last annotation update)
 GONADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR (GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING HORMONE I) (GNRH-I) (LH-RH I) (LULIBERIN I).
 GNRI.
 OS Haplochromis burtoni.
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Euteleostei; Neoteleostei;
 OC Acanthomorphi; Acanthopterygii; Perciformes; Labroidae;
 OC Cichlidae; Astatocellipia.
 NCBI_TaxID=8153;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RX MEDLINE=95396797; PubMed=7667296;
 RA White S.A., Kasten T.L., Bond C.T., Adelman J.P., Fernald R.D.;
 RT "Three gonadotropin-releasing hormone genes in one organism suggest novel roles for an ancient peptide."
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 92:8363-8367(1995).
 [2]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RX MEDLINE=99061842; PubMed=9843638;
 RA White R.B., Fernald R.D.;
 RT "Ontogeny of gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GNRH) gene expression reveals a distinct origin for GNRH-containing neurons in the midbrain."
 RL Gen. Comp. Endocrinol. 112:322-329(1998).
 [3]
 RP SEQUENCE OF 23-32.
 RC TISSUE=pituitary;
 RX MEDLINE=95372591; PubMed=7644702;
 RA Powell J.F.F., Fischer W.H., Park M., Craig A.G., Rivlier J.E., White S.A., Francis R.C., Fernald R.D., Licht P., Marby C., Sherwood N.M.;
 RT "Primary structure of solitary form of gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GNRH) in cichlid pituitary: three forms of GNRH in brain of cichlid and pumpkinseed fish."
 RL Regul. Pept. 57:43-53(1995).
 CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS. MAY BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REGULATION OF THE HYPOTHALAMIC-PITUITARY-GONADAL AXIS.
 CC -1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: SYNTHESIZED IN PROOPTIC NEURONS AND IS TRANSPORTED TO THE PITUITARY IN THE PREOPTIC-HYPOTHALAMIC AXONS.
 CC -1- MASS SPECTROMETRY: MW=1113.9; METHOD=MALDI; RANGE=23-32.
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.
 CC -----
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CC -----
 DR EMBL: U31865; AAC59691.1;
 DR EMBL: AF076961; AAC27716.1;
 DR InterPro: IPR002012;
 DR Pfam: PF00446; GNRH.1;
 DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH.1;
 KM Cleavage on pair of basic residues; Hormone; Amidation; Hypothalamus;
 KW Signal; Multigene family.
 FT SIGNAL 1 22
 FT CHAIN 23 94 PROGONADOLIBERIN I.
 FT PEPTIDE 23 94 GONADOLIBERIN I.
 FT MOD_RES 23 94 GNRH-ASSOCIATED PEPTIDE I (POTENTIAL).
 FT MOD_RES 23 94 PYROLIDONE CARBOXYLIC ACID.
 FT CONFLICT 32 94 AMIDATION (G-33 PROVIDE AMIDE GROUP).
 FT CONFLICT 86 94 ENGHRTFRK -> KMDTGHRSNREREL (IN REF. 1).
 SO SEQUENCE 94 AA; 10382 MW; E57DBA8333278D7 CRC64;

Query Match 44.8%; Score 52; DB 1; Length 94;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 0.46;
 Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 ||||| ||
 DB 24 HWSYGLSPG 32

RESULT 15
 GONI_PAGMA STANDARD; PRT: 95 AA.
 GONI_PAGMA
 P70074;
 15-JUL-1998 (Rel. 36, Created)
 15-JUL-1998 (Rel. 37, Last sequence update)
 15-DEC-1998 (Rel. 37, Last annotation update)
 GONADOLIBERIN I PRECURSOR (GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING HORMONE I) (GNRH-I) (LH-RH I) (LULIBERIN I).
 DE Pagrus major (Red sea bream) (Chrysophrys major).
 OS Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostei;
 OC Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Euteleostei; Neoteleostei;
 OC Acanthomorphi; Acanthopterygii; Perciformes; Percoidae;
 OC Sparidae; Chrysophrys.
 NCBI_TaxID=8171;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Brain;
 RA Okuzawa K., Graneman J., Bogerd J., Goos H., Zohar Y., Kagawa H.;
 RL Submitted (SEP-1996) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS (BY SIMILARITY).
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE GNRH FAMILY.
 CC -----
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SQL SEQUENCE 95 AA: 10566 MW: 61E79C90328D73E CRC64;

Query Match 44.88; Score 52; DB 1; Length 95;
Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 0.47;
Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
|||||
DB 25 HWSYGLSPG 33

Search completed: May 25, 2001, 15:34:40
Job time: 108 sec

GenCore version 4.5
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: May 25, 2001, 15:32:37 ; Search time 17.78 seconds
(without alignments)
131.842 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-214-009-1

Perfect score: 116

Sequence: 1 XHMSYGLRPGCHMSGLRPGX 20

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 374700 seqs, 117207915 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 374700

Maximum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Maximum Match 0%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :
1: SPREMBL_15:*
2: sp.archaea:*
3: sp.bacteria:*
4: sp.fungi:*
5: sp.human:*
6: sp.invertebrate:*
7: sp.mammal:*
8: sp.mhc:*
9: sp.organelle:*
10: sp.phage:*
11: sp.plant:*
12: sp.potent:*
13: sp.unclassified:*
14: sp.vertebrate:*
15: sp.virus:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Alt	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
1	58	50.0	91	13	O9PRH0
2	52	44.8	87	13	O9Y126
3	52	44.8	95	13	O73812
4	52	44.8	99	13	O91A10
5	51.5	44.4	263	13	O9PR52
6	51	44.0	2245	2	O9L6C9
7	50	43.1	90	13	O9IAU2
8	49	42.2	51	2	O88004
9	49	42.2	75	2	O69271
10	49	42.2	219	2	O53302
11	49	42.2	219	2	P72633
12	49	42.2	315	5	P91045
13	48	41.4	615	2	O9PCG7
14	47.5	40.9	388	1	O9YD14
15	47	40.5	77	2	O9XD65
16	47	40.5	1173	11	O9QX73
17	47	40.5	1197	11	O9QX72
18	47	40.5	1216	11	O70298
19	47	40.5	1216	11	O9QW16

20	46	39.7	186	2	O55597
21	46	39.7	197	4	O00509
22	46	39.7	647	5	O9VC60
23	46	39.7	1638	5	O9V5X3
24	45	38.8	33	13	O9W7G0
25	45	38.8	33	13	O9PT34
26	45	38.8	82	13	O92094
27	45	38.8	82	13	O9W7G1
28	45	38.8	82	13	O918G0
29	45	38.8	82	13	O918P9
30	45	38.8	88	13	O9PSY9
31	45	38.8	89	2	O92N13
32	45	38.8	90	13	O9IA09
33	45	38.8	133	2	O86708
34	45	38.8	149	1	O9YDS5
35	45	38.8	182	14	O85656
36	45	38.8	409	11	O61530
37	45	38.8	484	4	O9UED5
38	45	38.8	531	4	O9Y4C5
39	45	38.8	571	2	O32213
40	45	38.8	696	5	O9VCU2
41	45	38.8	1020	2	O9KG76
42	45	38.8	1444	5	O17591
43	44.5	38.4	240	2	O9L0U5
44	44	37.9	239	2	O87976
45	44	37.9	545	14	O86631

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

ID O9PRH0 PRELIMINARY: PRT: 91 AA.

AC O9PRH0: 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Created)

DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Last sequence update)

DE 01-JUN-2000 (TREMBLrel. 14, Last annotation update)

DE PREPRO-MGNRH PRECURSOR.

OS Anguilla japonica (Japanese eel).

OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;

OC Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Anguilliformes; Anguillidae;

OC Anguillidae; Anguilla.

NCBI_TaxID=7937;

Sequence FROM N.A.

RP Okubo K., Suetake H., Aida K.;

RC TISSUE-BRAIN;

RA "Expression of two gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GNRH) precursor

RT genes in various tissues of the Japanese eel and evolution of GNRH.";

RL Zool. Sci. 16:471-478 (1999).

Sequence FROM N.A.

RA Okubo K., Suetake H., Aida K.;

RC TISSUE-BRAIN;

RA "Expression of two gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GNRH) precursor

RT genes in various tissues of the Japanese eel and evolution of GNRH.";

RL Zool. Sci. 16:471-478 (1999).

Query Match 50.0%; Score 58; DB 13; Length 91;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.28;
Matches 9; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 DB 24 HWSYGLRPG 32

RESULT 2
 O9Y126 PRELIMINARY: PRT: 87 AA.

AC 09Y126: 01-MAY-1998 (TREMBLrel. 10, Created)
 DT 01-MAY-1998 (TREMBLrel. 10, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Last annotation update)
 DE GONADOLIBERIN (GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING HORMONE) (GNRH) (LULIBERIN)
 DE (FRAGMENT).
 OS Sparus aurata (Gilthead sea bream).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 AC Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Euteleostei; Neoteleostei;
 AC Acanthomorpha; Acanthopterygii; Perciformes; Percoidae;
 OC Sparidae; Sparus.
 NCBI_TaxID=8175;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RA Nabissi M.;
 RL Submitted (FEB-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF BOTH LUTEINIZING AND
 CC FOLLICLE-STIMULATING HORMONES.
 CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS.
 DR EMBL; AF046801; AAD02427.1; -.
 DR INTERPRO: IPR002012; -.
 DR PFAM: PF00446; GNRH; 1.
 DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH; 1.
 KW Hormone; Amidation.
 RN NON_TER 1
 FT NON_TER 1
 SO SEQUENCE 87 AA; 9871 MW; 0D246353D96782A CRC64;

Query Match 44.8%; Score 52; DB 13; Length 87;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 1.8;
 Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 DB 22 HWSYGLSPG 30

RESULT 3
 O73812 PRELIMINARY: PRT: 95 AA.

AC 073812: 01-AUG-1998 (TREMBLrel. 07, Created)
 DT 01-AUG-1998 (TREMBLrel. 07, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBLrel. 15, Last annotation update)
 DE GONADOLIBERIN (GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING HORMONE) (GNRH) (LULIBERIN).
 OS Morone saxatilis (Striped bass).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 AC Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Euteleostei; Neoteleostei;
 AC Acanthomorpha; Acanthopterygii; Perciformes; Percoidae;
 OC Moronidae; Morone.
 NCBI_TaxID=34816;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RA Chow M.M., Kight K.E., Gotthif Y., Alok D., Zohar Y.;
 RL Submitted (MAR-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF BOTH LUTEINIZING AND
 CC FOLLICLE-STIMULATING HORMONES.
 CC -1- FUNCTION: STIMULATES THE SECRETION OF GONADOTROPINS.
 DR EMBL; AF056314; AAD03817.1; -.
 DR INTERPRO: IPR002012; -.
 DR PFAM: PF00446; GNRH; 1.
 DR PROSITE: PS00473; GNRH; 1.

DR PRODOM; PD005581; -; 1.
 KW Hormone; Amidation.
 RN SEQUENCE 95 AA; 10411 MW; 980C6988FC279BFC CRC64;

Query Match 44.8%; Score 52; DB 13; Length 95;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2;
 Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 DB 24 HWSYGLSPG 32

RESULT 4
 O9Y110 PRELIMINARY: PRT: 99 AA.

AC 09Y110: 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBLrel. 15, Created)
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBLrel. 15, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-OCT-2000 (TREMBLrel. 15, Last annotation update)
 DE GONADOTROPIN-RELEASING HORMONE SEABREAM ISOFORM.
 OS Dicentrarchus labrax (European sea bass).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 AC Actinopterygii; Neopterygii; Teleostei; Euteleostei; Neoteleostei;
 OC Acanthomorpha; Acanthopterygii; Perciformes; Percoidae;
 OC Moronidae; Dicentrarchus.
 NCBI_TaxID=13489;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RA Gonzalez-Martinez D., Madiou T., Zmora N., Anglade I., Zanny S.,
 RA Zohar Y., Elizur A., Munoz-Cueto J.A., Kah O.;
 RT "Differential expression of three different pro-pro-GNRH
 RT (Gonadotrophin-releasing hormone) messengers in the brain of the
 RT European sea bass (Dicentrarchus labrax).";
 RL Submitted (JAN-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 RN [2]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC TISSUE-BRAIN;
 RA Zmora N., Zohar Y., Elizur A.;
 RT "3 GNRH form in the seabass Dicentrarchus labrax.";
 RL Submitted (JAN-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 DR EMBL; AF224279; AAF62898.1; -.
 SO SEQUENCE 99 AA; 10758 MW; EC8AEEC93CC02904 CRC64;

Query Match 44.8%; Score 52; DB 13; Length 99;
 Best Local Similarity 88.9%; Pred. No. 2.1;
 Matches 8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPG 10
 DB 28 HWSYGLSPG 36

RESULT 5
 O9Y152 PRELIMINARY: PRT: 263 AA.

AC 09Y152: 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Created)
 DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLrel. 13, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-JUN-2000 (TREMBLrel. 14, Last annotation update)
 DE BPP-CNP PRECURSOR HOMOLOG.
 OS Agkistrodon halys blomhoffi (Mamushi) (Gloydius blomhoffii).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Lepidosauria; Squamata; Scleroglossa; Serpentes; Colubroidae;
 OC Viperidae; Crotalinae; Agkistrodon.
 NCBI_TaxID=61300;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE-VENOM GLAND;
 RA Murayama N.;

RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC	TISSUE=BRAIN;
RA	Kwon H.B., Kang H.M., Choi H.S., Chun S.Y., Troskie B., Millar R.P., Yoo M.S.,
RT	"Molecular Cloning, Distribution and Pharmacological Characterization of a Novel Gonadotropin-Releasing Hormone([Trp8]GnRH) in Frog Brain.";
RL	Mol. Cell. Endocrinol. 0:0-0(2000).
DR	EMBL: AF139911; AAF44343.1; -.
SQ	SEQUENCE 90 AA; 10368 MW; C3D573E79B52ABFA CRC64;
Query Match	43.1%; Score 50; DB 13; Length 90;
Best Local Similarity	88.9%; Pred. No. 3.6; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
Matches 8; Conservative	
QY	2 HWSYGLRPG 10
Dd	26 HWSYGLMPG 34
RESULT 8	
ID	PRELIMINARY; PRT; 51 AA.
AC	088004;
DT	01-NOV-1998 (TREMblrel. 08, Created)
DT	01-NOV-1998 (TREMblrel. 08, Last sequence update)
DE	01-NOV-1998 (TREMblrel. 08, Last annotation update)
DE	POTATIVE SECRETED PROTEIN.
GN	BHLPSI.35C.
OS	Bordetella bronchiseptica.
OC	Bacteria; Proteobacteria; beta subdivision; Alcaligenaceae;
CC	Bordetella.
CX	NCBI_TaxID=518;
RN	[1]
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC	STRAIN-CN7635E;
RA	Stevens K., Churcher C.M., Badcock K.L.;
RL	Submitted (AUG-1998) to the EMBL/Genbank/DBJ databases.
RN	[2]
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC	STRAIN-CN7635E;
RA	Parkhill J., Preston A., Maskell D.J., Barrell B.G.;
RL	Submitted (AUG-1998) to the EMBL/Genbank/DBJ databases.
DR	EMBL: AJ007747; CA007674.1; -.
SQ	SEQUENCE 51 AA; 5778 MW; 772B0ED0486D90A CRC64;
Query Match	42.2%; Score 49; DB 2; Length 51;
Best Local Similarity	62.5%; Pred. No. 2.8; Mismatches 4; Indels 2; Gaps 1
Matches 10; Conservative	
QY	3 WSYGRPGHWSGLRP 18
Dd	14 WVYAL--GQGWLGLRP 27
RESULT 9	
ID	PRELIMINARY; PRT; 75 AA.
AC	069271;
DT	01-AUG-1998 (TREMblrel. 07, Created)
DT	01-AUG-1998 (TREMblrel. 07, Last sequence update)
DE	01-NOV-1998 (TREMblrel. 08, Last annotation update)
DE	NROH-REDOXIN.
GN	NROH.
OS	Corynebacterium ammoniagenes (Brevibacterium ammoniagenes).
OC	Bacteria; Firmicutes; Actinobacteriia; Actinobacteridae;
OC	Actinomycetales; Corynebacteriaceae; Corynebacteriaceae;
CC	Corynebacterium.
OX	NCBI_TaxID=1697;
RN	[1]
RP	SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC	STRAIN-ATCC6872;

RX MEDLINE=98136125; PubMed=9468481;
 RA Fieschl F., Torrents E., Touloukianova L., Jordan A., Hellman U.,
 RA Barde J., Gilbert I., Karlsson M., Sjoberg B.M.;
 RT "The manganese-containing ribonucleotide reductase of *Corynebacterium*
 RL *ammonialegens* is a class II enzyme.";
 RA J. Biol. Chem. 273:4329-4337(1998).
 DR EMBL: Y09572; CAA70763.1; -
 SO SEQUENCE 75 AA; 8290 MW; 4C4D3C7E51C11AD CRC64;

Query Match 42.2%; Score 49; DB 2; Length 75;
 Best Local Similarity 77.8%; Pred. No. 4.2;
 Matches 7; Conservative 1; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 10 GOWHSGLRP 18
 DB 58 GOWHSGLRP 66

RESULT 10

ID 055302 PRELIMINARY; PRT: 219 AA.

DT 01-NOV-1996 (TREMBLREL. 01, Created)
 DT 01-NOV-1996 (TREMBLREL. 01, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-NOV-1996 (TREMBLREL. 01, Last annotation update)
 DE HYPOTHEMETICAL 23.9 KDA PROTEIN.

OS Synechocystis sp.
 OC Bacteria; Cyanobacteria; Chroococcales; Synechocystis.

OX NCBI_TaxID=1143;

RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RA Zuther E., Klepert K., Hagemann M.;
 RL Submitted (MAR-1996) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.

DR EMBL: L76928; AAA92547.1; -

KW Hypothetical protein.

SO SEQUENCE 219 AA; 23913 MW; 4802BA4CE030D17E CRC64;

Query Match 42.2%; Score 49; DB 2; Length 219;
 Best Local Similarity 52.9%; Pred. No. 12;
 Matches 9; Conservative 1; Mismatches 5; Indels 2; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGOWHSGLRP 18

DB 193 HWSYGLRPGOWHSGLRP 207

RESULT 11

ID P72633 PRELIMINARY; PRT: 219 AA.

DT 01-FEB-1997 (TREMBLREL. 02, Created)
 DT 01-FEB-1997 (TREMBLREL. 02, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-JUN-2000 (TREMBLREL. 14, Last annotation update)
 DE HYPOTHEMETICAL 24.0 KDA PROTEIN.

GN SLL1063.

OS Synechocystis sp. (strain PCC 6803).

OC Bacteria; Cyanobacteria; Chroococcales; Synechocystis.

OX NCBI_TaxID=1148;

RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RA MEDLINE=97061201; PubMed=8905231;

RA Kaneo T., Sato S., Kocant H., Tanaka A., Asamizu E., Nakamura Y.,

RA Miyajima N., Hirosewa M., Sugitara M., Sasamoto S., Kimura T.,

RA Hosouchi T., Matsuno A., Mureki A., Nakazaki N., Naruo K., Okumura S.,

RA Shimo S., Takeuchi C., Wada T., Matanabe A., Yamada M., Yasuda M.,

RA Tabata S.;

RT "Sequence analysis of the genome of the unicellular cyanobacterium
 Synechocystis sp. strain PCC6803. II. Sequence determination of the
 entire genome and assignment of potential protein-coding regions.";

RL DNA Res. 3:109-136(1996).
 DR EMBL: D90899; BAA16635.1; -

KW Hypothetical protein.
 SO SEQUENCE 219 AA; 23996 MW; 4802BA4CE571857E CRC64;

Query Match 42.2%; Score 49; DB 2; Length 219;
 Best Local Similarity 52.9%; Pred. No. 12;
 Matches 9; Conservative 1; Mismatches 5; Indels 2; Gaps 1;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGOWHSGLRP 18

DB 193 HWSYGLRPGOWHSGLRP 207

RESULT 12

ID P91045 PRELIMINARY; PRT: 315 AA.

DT 01-MAY-1997 (TREMBLREL. 03, Created)
 DT 01-MAY-1997 (TREMBLREL. 03, Last sequence update)
 DT 01-MAY-2000 (TREMBLREL. 13, Last annotation update)
 DE SIMILARITY TO HUMAN GUANINE NUCLEOTIDE REGULATORY PROTEIN.

GN C13A10.3.

OS Caenorhabditis elegans.

OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Nematoda; Chromadorea; Rhabditidae; Rhabditidae;

OC Rhabditidae; Peloderinae; Caenorhabditis.

OX NCBI_TaxID=6239;

RN [1]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RA STRAIN-BRISTOL N2;

RA MEDLINE=94150718; PubMed=7906398;

RA Wilson R., Ainscough R., Anderson K., Baynes C., Berks M.,

RA Bonfield J., Burton J., Connell M., Copsey T., Cooper J., Coulson A.,

RA Craxton M., Dear S., Du Z., Durbin R., Favello A., Fulton L.,

RA Gardner A., Green P., Hawkins T., Hillier L., Jier M., Johnston L.,

RA Jones M., Kershaw J., Kirsten J., Laister N., Latreille P.,

RA Lightning J., Lloyd C., McMurray A., Mortimore B., O'Callaghan M.,

RA Parsons J., Percy C., Rifken L., Roopra A., Saunders D., Shownkeen R.,

RA Smaildon N., Smith A., Sonhammer E., Staden R., Sulston J.,

RA Thierly-Mieg J., Thomas K., Vaudin M., Vaughan K., Waterston R.,

RA Watson A., Weinstock L., Wilkinson-Sproat J., Woldman P.,

RT "2.2 Mb of contiguous nucleotide sequence from chromosome III of C.

RT *elegans*."

RL Nature 368:32-38(1994).

RN [2]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RA STRAIN-BRISTOL N2;

RA Pauley A., Maggi L.;

RL Submitted (JAN-1997) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.

RN [3]

RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RA STRAIN-BRISTOL N2;

RA Waterston R.;

RL Submitted (DEC-1996) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.

DR EMBL: U80841; AAB37940.1; -

DR INTERPRO: IPR001452; -

DR PFM: PF00018; SH3; 1.

DR PROSITE: PSS0002; SH3; 1.

SO SEQUENCE 315 AA; 36385 MW; B8572746211CFAAC CRC64;

Query Match 42.2%; Score 49; DB 5; Length 315;
 Best Local Similarity 63.2%; Pred. No. 18;
 Matches 12; Conservative 1; Mismatches 2; Indels 4; Gaps 2;

OY 2 HWSYGLRPGOWHSGLRP 18

DB 79 HWSYGLRPGOWHSGLRP 95

RESULT 13

ID 09PCG7 PRELIMINARY; PRT: 615 AA.

AC 09PCG7;

Wed May 30 07:30:11 2001

us-09-214-009-1.rsp